

TWINS FROM COREA.

They Are More Vigorous Than Their Siamese Predecessors.

also Have More Freedom of Motion and Stronger Mentalities—Have Learned English with Astonishing Rapidity.

The appearance in this country of the Korean twins, as they are termed, has caused them to be the subject of considerable study among scientists who were familiar with the Siamese twins, who attracted such attention when first exhibited in the United States. Comparisons have also been drawn between the Koreans and the female twins upon whom the operation was performed in Paris a few years ago. The latter were also exhibited in the United States, but, as will be remembered, the health of one was so affected that it was deemed necessary to separate the natural band which held them together in order to save the life of the healthier child. The twin who was afflicted with consumption died after the operation, but according to the latest reports from France, the girl who lived has entirely recovered, and apparently is in excellent health. It may be added that she has been adopted by the French surgeon who officiated at the operation. Physicians and others who have examined the Koreans are of the opinion that they bid fair to live much longer than the Siamese, as they are active and vigorous, and thus far have had no ailment of consequence. Liao-Toun-Chen and Liao-Sien-Né-Chen, as will be noted by the accompanying photograph, have typical oriental features, and might be taken for Chinese, but they were born in Corea. They are a little over 12 years old, and well developed for their age, having no notable physical imperfection except the band which connects them. As in the case of the girl twins, each has all of the usual organs, and it is the opinion of eminent surgeons that they could be separated if desired, with little danger of fatality. Liao-Toun-



THE COREAN TWINS.
(They Are Active and Vigorous and Bid Fair to Live Long.)

Chen is slightly taller than his brother, and somewhat better developed, being more muscular. An examination shows that his heart beats much more rapidly, while his respiratory capacity is somewhat greater than that of the other. The smaller twin is left-handed, although from his position he is obliged to use both hands to such an extent that he is practically ambidextrous. He is more susceptible to changes in temperature, and apparently feels pain more than his brother, but in appearance seems to be equally as healthy.

The Koreans, says the Scientific American, apparently have much more freedom of motion than the other types referred to. They can stand nearly side by side, face each other squarely. The freedom with which they can move without injuring themselves allows them to be quite active, and their motions are so harmonious that they not only walk, but run, and play various games without difficulty. One feat which the Siamese were unable to do was that of facing each other, one twin resting his hands on the shoulders of the other. The Koreans can easily assume this attitude, owing to the elasticity of the band which unites them. It is of a membranous character, and measures about three and one-half inches in diameter. When not stretched or pressed in any way, it is about eight and one-half inches in circumference. When the twins are moving in any way, the band swells and diminishes slightly, apparently being connected with the principal trunk muscles of the body.

The Koreans have shown quite remarkable intelligence. When they first came to the United States with their father, they remained in Bridgeport, Conn., and were provided with an instructor, from whom they acquired the rudiments of the English language. Then they took up a number of the primary studies, and have advanced quite rapidly.

Bridge Built by Cosacks.
Perhaps the most remarkable bridges in the world are the kettie bridges in Russia and Siberia, of which Cosack soldiers are expert builders. They are

built up of the soldiers' lances and cooking kettles. Seven or eight lances are placed under the handles of a number of kettles and fastened by means of ropes to form a raft. Each of these rafts will bear the weight of half a ton.

Reptilian Diet Prohibited.
The eating of snakes, lizards, scorpions, centipedes, tarantulas, and other reptiles is now prohibited by statute in Kansas.

OUR BEST FRIENDS?

From the Pueblo Standard, Col.

While Booker T. Washington and those who think as he preaches say the white people of the South are the best friends the Negroes have, it might not be out of place to call their attention to how that friendship is manifested down there. For instance, note this description of it from the Atlanta, Ga., Age:

"Last week Councilman Jim Key had passed a resolution preventing property owners from renting Negroes parks to play ball."

The fact is, the devil is in some of the white people of the South, and nothing but the complete degradation of the Negro will satisfy them.—Conservator, Chicago.

There may be a few Negroes who take the above view about where our friends are for certain reasons existing in the North which are irrelevant and immaterial to the discussion of the question; but if they will confide their utterances and discussions to the real evidence based upon actual facts, their assertions must fall as swiftness(?) wasted upon the desert air. All that anyone has to do to convince himself what portion of the country are the friends of the Negroes, is to take the history of the devilry of the white man at the South since the emancipation of the Negroes, and since the reconstruction act. The ex-rebels against the Union have done all they could in every conceivable manner to injure the Negro race; when their black laws were not effective they organized the Ku-Klux Klans, the white cappers, midnight raiders and regulators, organizations to intimidate and murder the Negroes at the South. Finding that these measures were not sufficient to accomplish the purposes for which they were formed, they, our friends (?) at the South, began to revise their constitutions so as to deprive the Negroes of their rights and at the same time often instituted, without cause, but to provoke sympathy from the North, the system of punishment now common in America, that of lynching and burning Negroes for the most trivial offenses. Do not tell us that because now and then a Negro who can obtain the labor refused by white men at the South, and because now and then a white man who is an exception to the rule, gives back a few thousand dollars, to the race, to support a Negro school, which money his ancestors obtained through, from and by the sweat, blood and tears of the slaves in the days of slavery, that they are our best friends. The white man who is the Negro's friend will treat him fairly and will take a stand for equal rights for all men.

THE PEN AND PENCIL CLUB

Interesting Exercises—Prof. L. M. Hershaw Sensible Speech

Last Sunday afternoon, May 17th, was Pen and Pencil Club Day at the Second Baptist Lyceum. The programme consisted of music by a quartette solo by Miss Helen Bell and Mr. Winston Payne, and addresses by Mr. Arthur S. Gray, President of the Club, Mr. L. M. Hershaw, chairman of the Literary Bureau of the Club, and Prof. A. U. Craig, a member of the Literary Bureau. The address of Mr. L. M. Hershaw attracted and held the attention of the audience and has been the subject of very general comment. After quoting from Prof. Du Bois to the effect that "The problem of the twentieth century is the problem of the color line," and from the address of Prof. Villari before "The International Historical Congress," in Rome Italy on April 2, to the effect that the nineteenth century secured the economic and political enfranchisement of the laboring classes. The task of the twentieth century is to discover permanent relations, which shall be just, between the white and colored races," Mr. Hershaw continued as follows:

The masses of the colored people down deep in their hearts have an ineradicable belief and faith in their equality to other men. It is difficult to find colored man, however ignorant and steeped in vice and crime may be, who acknowledges his inferiority to white men in other respects than in opportunity. Occasionally some educated colored man, falsely so called, may make an argument based on the assumption that the members of his own race are inherently and essentially inferior to white men; but when the argument is examined closely it is found that at bottom this so-called educated colored man is covertly hating to a gaping world that he is a very superior being, a very Daniel come to judgement. His consciousness of equality with all men is a most commendable trait in the race and should be nurtured and developed. It is the initial point at which to begin the work of enlightenment and education. The existence of this consciousness vindicates the wisdom of the reconstruction measures and their accompanying system of education. It opens up the deed and possibility of organs of public opinion, the newspaper press, among this people.

According to Rowell's Newspaper Directory for 1903, there are 128 newspapers and periodicals published in

the interest of the colored people of this United States. This does not include papers published in the interest of schools and other special interests. It has been asserted from time to time that there are about 240 papers and periodicals published in the interest of the race. It is incumbent upon those who stick to the latter figure to supplement Rowell's list with the 82 publications needed to bring the list up to 240. Of the 128 papers and periodicals listed in Rowell's Directory 135 have circulations of less than 1,000, and 23 have circulation of all publications by colored men for colored men is 130,000. Every colored publication has a few white subscribers. Place this number at 5,000 and there remain 123,000 colored people who read 123 publications of their own race. By the same authority there are nine papers whose circulation range from exceeding 25,000 to 13,221. The estimated combined circulation of these nine papers is 48,286 or nearly three-eighths of the estimated combined circulation of all colored publications.

It is therefore to these nine papers that we look when we would judge the quality and merit of the Afro-American Press. We have no time this evening, for more than one observation. How do these nine papers published ostensibly in the interest of the colored people, and which could have no existence except for the financial support of the same colored people, how do these nine papers stand on the cardinal questions of the hour? What is their value to the people who buy them and read them?

It is but simple truth to say that in the case of most of them they fail to



MAJ. RICHARD SYLVESTER.

Our Chief of Police, Re-elected President of the National Organization—A Public Reception to be Tendered Him.

measure up the requirements of the hour. Most of these nine papers, strange to relate, are weak insane and spiritless on the subject of civil and political equality. They seem to have embraced that cult of industrialism that teaches that it is better to enjoy industrial opportunities than to have political and civil rights; that a "Jim Crow Car" does not necessarily degrade a self-respecting man; that the colored man's career of freedom began at the top rather than at the bottom; that these political and civil rights which other men hold dearer than life itself, may be relinquished by colored men, if only they receive in return, the opportunity of working in a factory or plowing on a farm. In the quotation made from Prof. Villari at the beginning of these remarks, "The economic and political enfranchisement of laboring classes" was pointed to as one of the triumphs of the nineteenth century. The cult that seems to rule and control these papers teaches that if a colored man has economic enfranchisement, he ought not to complain of the ills of political disfranchisement; for it says in language that he who runs may read, "every revised constitution throughout the southern states has placed a premium on intelligence, ownership of property, character and thrift." Not only do they seem to embrace and advocate these errors but they close their columns to those who would oppose a teaching so fundamentally dangerous to and destructive of all right, and promotive of all wrong and injustice. The editors of these papers, who are guilty of closing their columns to those who would discuss with them questions of vital importance to the colored people and to mankind, may be honest, may be sincere, but they are none the less the enemies of the hopes and aspirations of their race in particular, and of the human race in general. To them we commend the words of Euripides:

"This is true liberty, when free-born, Having to advise the public, may speak as he pleases."

Which he who can, and will, deserves high praise. Who neither can, nor will, may hold his peace."

What can be juster in a state than this? And also these words of John Milton "Where there is much desire to learn, there is necessarily much will be much arguing, much writing, many opinions, for opinion in good men is but knowledge in making." Every colored editor in the country would do well to acquaint himself with the speech of Milton on "The Liberty of unlicensed printing," he

would have a broader, higher and just conception of his duties to his constituency.

In the long publication of any kind that can help our cause, is the one that stands for truth, and right and justice. If any man having large influence and a vast audience fall into error neither his usefulness, his energy, nor his irrefragable character should be proof against the exposure of error. The cause of all the people is to be preferred to the fortunes of any individual.

HE WAS NOT WANTED.

How He Got Rid of the Negro—Postmaster General Payne took A Hand

From the News Enterprise, La.

Mr. T. C. Rankins, an educated young man of Alexandria passed the Civil Service Examination at that place recently and the so-called Republican postmaster Mr. R. P. Hunter, appointed by President McKinley, through Negro influence, induced Rankins to write the Civil Service Commission and Postmaster, General requesting them to strike his name off of the list of eligibles, under promise that he would appoint him porter which paid more than the night clerk ship in the post office.

Rankins complied and was appointed. The Postmaster-General, we surmise, thought it an unusual procedure

an audience of thirty people. He advised the Negro when he takes a seat in the Jim Crow car, take it like a "gentleman. The white people own this country. Now I am Minister to Liberia and if Admiral Dewey comes to the Port he will be compelled to give me a salute of thirteen guns. I wish he would come, and by courtesy of my position I would have to escort him to his boat. At the conclusion of his address he offered for sale, pictures of himself and books. I have heard so much of Alexandria, Va., hence I want to sell twenty five of my pictures and twenty five of my books. He only sold four books and no pictures of himself. He said that the money was for the Maryland College of which he was president. Rev. Lyons will sail for Liberia next month.

OUR CHIEF OF POLICE.

Maj. Sylvester to be Honored. A Faithful Public Officer—Washington the Best City.

The citizens of the city are preparing to tender Major Richard Sylvester a public reception. There is no man in the city more deserving of this recognition than our Chief of Police, who has just been honored by a reelection to the presidency of the Chief of Police of the World.

Maj. Sylvester is enthusiastic in his praises of the New Orleans people, from Mayor Paul Capdevielle and Chief of Police John Journee, down to the humblest citizen of the French quarter. All united to make the visiting police officers realize what true Southern hospitality is. The address of welcome was made by Mayor Capdevielle and was responded to by President Sylvester. Chief Journee then outlined the benefit to the New Orleans police evolving from the meeting in that city, and then came an alternation of brisk, witty business sessions and delightful pleasure programmes, as arranged by the citizens of New Orleans.

Maj. Sylvester stopped at all the leading cities, both going and coming, but says that, not forgetting the courtesy extended to him everywhere, Washington is the best city of them all.

THE CIVIL LIBERTY PARTY.

President Mitchell Issued a Call Postponing the Convention.

Petersburg, Va., May 8, 1903. To the delegates elected to the Civil Liberty Convention. By virtue of the authority vested in me by the Executive Committee of the National Civil Liberty Party, the delegates who have been elected to the Convention which was to convene in the city of Cincinnati, O., May 24th, are hereby notified that the Convention has been postponed to meet in the City of Cincinnati, O., Thursday September 10th 1903 at 10 o'clock a. m.

S. F. Mitchell, Box 81 Wash. D. C.

JEFFERSON MEDAL.

Unique Piece of Work Just Struck Off at the United States Mint at Philadelphia.

Within the course of the next few days the Thomas Jefferson Memorial association will receive from the mint at Philadelphia the first impression of the bronze medal that is being struck off for the association under authority of an act of congress. During the last session of congress a bill was introduced providing that for the purpose of aiding in the erection of a suitable memorial in honor of Thomas Jefferson as the author of the declaration of independence, the secretary of the treasury be authorized to have prepared at the Philadelphia mint four dies for medallions of such design and size as might be designed by the Thomas Jefferson Memorial association. The bill was passed and was signed by the president March 3. The design for the medallion was easily obtained, and the product is expected to be one of the handsomest things of the kind the mint has made, although Jeffersonian simplicity will mark every feature of the work. The medallion will be made of bronze and will be seven ounces in weight. It will be three inches in diameter and about a quarter of an inch thick. The face side will have a raised medallion portrait of Jefferson in profile, the drawing, etc., being exactly the same as that on the Jeffersonian presidential medal, a copy of which was furnished the association by the mint. Around the outer edge of the face of the medallion are the words: "Tribute to the author of the Declaration of Independence, 1776." On the reverse will be an appropriate sentiment from the writings of Jefferson, and about the edge the name and title of the association. One of these medallions is to be given to each person who subscribes a dollar or more to the memorial fund. The medallions will not be placed on sale.

Why He Disagreed.

Foreman of the Locked-in Jury (impatiently)—The rest of us are agreed, and you would see the case as we do, if you had an ounce of brains.

Obstinate Juror (reflectively)—But that's just the trouble. I've got more than an ounce—Stray Stories.

Bay Ridge Season.

Open June 13. Liberal concessions to Sunday Schools, Societies, and Organizations. For dates and terms apply to S. B. Hoge, District Passenger Agent, B. & O. R. R. 707 15th St. J-1

MIGHTY SMART MAN.

How He Enlightened the People of Clay County, Mo.

He Told Them About the Civil War and Its Results and Then They Got to Call Him John the Baptist No. 2.

A story was printed not long ago to the effect that a Texas negro, who was sent to Mexico by his master before the civil war, returned to Texas recently to discover that he was free. He had been employed on a remote plantation in Mexico until his return to the states. The story may be like others have lived for the moment, but it recalled to one who read it a fact which seems almost incredible.

In a settlement in Clay county, Mo., within less than 100 miles of Kansas City, the results as well as a good deal of the history of the civil war were not known until nearly two years after its close. And this was in a part of a county which had sent soldiers to both armies, and in a county which was devastated alternately by the border soldiery known as bushwhackers and jayhawkers.

About two years after the war a new man, as he was called, settled in the strip of the county referred to and opened a country store. He was an ex-confederate soldier, and compared with his customers he was, in the vocabulary of Missouri, a mighty smart man.

Soon after he had opened his shop, says the New York Sun, an old dorky made a purchase which he asked the merchant to charge to his "marster." The merchant did not know the "marster," but the old negro told him enough to warrant the merchant in letting the goods go.

In questioning the negro he learned that the negro was not aware that he was free. The merchant did not tell the negro of his discovery, but he mentioned it to an old doctor in the settlement, who told the merchant that only a few per-



"MAYBE IT'S SO."

sons in the settlement knew anything of the result of the war.

The merchant thereupon began to enlighten the heathen, as he called his customers, and for some time thereafter they flocked to the new man's store to hear him tell about the war.

"He used to tell me," said the man who avers that the story is true, "how they would come in and listen to him and sometimes shake their heads. One elderly dame who lived in a thicket said to him when he had explained to her the capture of Jeff Davis:

"Maybe it's so, but I'm thinkin' you're the same sort of a man that come to my cabin once and told me and my children that John the Baptist sprinkled people instead of sowsin' 'em under, and I never believed what he said."

"Then the merchant told how the 'marster' of the old negro who had made the purchase came to him one day and asked him if it was true that the negro was free, and when the merchant told him it was so, the old man said:

"Well, I wish I may be switched if I ain't been feedin' and clothin' a free nigger all this time, and I reckon I'll sue the government for his board."

"The old white man soon afterward killed himself, and the merchant used to tell me that he believed the man committed suicide over the loss of his one negro."

"I asked the merchant how long he stayed in the community which he enlightened, and he said about six months, and added that he might have stayed longer, but some of the heathen wanted him to start a new church, and when he asked them why, they said they had been fooled about the war and it might be they were fooled about their religion, and as he was so mighty smart, maybe he could show them some short cut to salvation, and then he quit. They got to calling him John the Baptist No. 2."

"I happened to know the belt of Clay county in which he lived, and I believed his story."



They Say

Why do Colored men cring?

It is very easy to be fooled by our friends.

Senator Hanna is not saying a word.

He is the laboring man's friend.

The country looks upon him as the promoter of industries.

Senator Allen has gone into the running business.

You should never come to conclusions before you hear both sides.

Bunco men are numerous, if you but know it.

Bryan means to rule or ruin and don't you forget it.

It looks as if Cleveland is the only man in the country for the democrats.

Heword university is still in hot water.

Read The Bee if you want a friend.

J. W. Cromwell takes delight in publishing one-sided reports.

The Bee would suggest that he publish the amount due in grocery bills.

Some people would have you believe that they are immaculate.

The President will have a hard road to travel next year.

The town is full of bunco organizations.

Hen. Sidney Mudd is the coming man in Maryland.

The people are with Mudd and he will carry the state.

If you want a live paper read The Bee.

Senator Tillman takes out periodically.

He is like a fish out of water if he doesn't say something.

The world is in a stew and humanity is its substance.

Some papers can be bribed.

A paper that is subsidized is not first to be taken.

A paper that declares that it has seven thousand circulation and only prints 1500 is not telling the truth.

A Paper that has a circulation of even thousand is a gold mine.

The next National republican convention will be a great one.

There will be but a few delegates of color from the South to the next convention.

The Bee is the people's paper.

Booker Washington may have the white people bluffed, but the white people haven't the negroes so.

Ex-recorder Obenham will not be appointed in the Bureau of Commerce.

The dishonest dealer is the honest man.

A man who goes with an institution as its attorney and takes along another lawyer as his attorney is a bunco lawyer pure and simple.

If you have no confidence in your self you can't expect other people to have any.

Read The Bee if you want a paper that will speak its sentiments.

If you live in hopes you may die in despair.

Life is but a chance and all enter prizes are likewise.

The Civil Liberty Convention is postponed to September 10th.

The negro is learning some sense.

Toadism was the characteristic of the old slave to his master.

When negro lawyers today the ex-slave should be pitted.

The report of the Capital Savings Bank has been made.

Are you wiser or have the klickers made fools of themselves?

Robert T. Douglass has always been in business.

BRIDES AND GROOMS.

Sometimes They Spend Honeymoon in Peculiar Fashion.

Unexpected Presentments Interrupt Current of Wedded Bliss at the Start, But Complete Happiness Usually Follows.

With so many people getting married all the while it is not strange to find some of them going through exceedingly peculiar honeymoons. It would be strange, probably, if they all got married and then settled down just like ordinary folks.

The bridegroom who remained at work on the farm while his bride set out on her honeymoon dressed in her wedding gown and determined to have the time of her life affords a well known instance of peculiarity in this direction. Others have been just as strange, but not so well known.

Among the recent matrimonial doings there was one case of a bride who made her wedding trip to Ellis Island and spent part of the honeymoon in charge of the immigration officers. There is also the story of the newly wedded pair who made their wedding trip in a balloon, quite unwillingly, and were rescued from it 24 hours later.

Marie Stoyanova is the heroine of the first story. Peter Bakalovitch is the bridegroom. Elias Yovtcheff is the interpreter. Rev. Nicholas Zeitsoff is the minister. Maria had just arrived in New York on the Deutschland. She had been engaged to the bridegroom before he had left his native Poland. He had become a prosperous farmer of Brookhaven, L. I. He knew his bride was coming on the steamer and he was awaiting it with minister, marriage license and interpreter—not that the latter would be needed in the ceremony, but possibly with the officials.

Unfortunately Maria, instead of coming by second cabin, saved money and came in the steerage. The immigration officials declared that she had to go to Ellis Island for examination. That was not allowed to interfere



PETER ENTERED A PROTEST.

with the wedding, although the bride was immediately taken away from her husband.

He protested that as the wife of a prosperous farmer the officials had no authority to hold her, as she could not be classed with the indigent after her marriage to him.

When he reached the proper official with this protest it was recognized as being well based and the bride was released.

It was Samuel Spencer Springstead and Miss Wilhelmina Cole who ate peanuts on their wedding trip until they were sick. Samuel is 17 years of age. Wilhelmina is 15. They were forgiven on their return home. For eight days they made a round of all the amusements they could find in New York, ending with the circus at Madison Square garden.

Young Springstead already has learned to roll "my wife" off his tongue with all the assurance of a benedict of years of experience. When they eloped from their homes in Pleasant Plains, Staten Island, he had saved \$25, which was to furnish funds for the wedding trip.

They were married near Perth Amboy, and then went to New York. They went to Proctor's, to all the vaudeville theaters they could find, took in all the amusements to be had, and wound up at Barnum's circus. There they bought peanuts with the abandon of youth, and ate fearlessly. When the glamour of the circus disappeared they found themselves with little money and a pronounced trouble in the region of the stomach. Under these circumstances their thoughts turned towards home, and their feet soon followed their thoughts.

Albert Johnson and Amelia Filbert had just been married. They had left their homes near Atlanta, Ga., and had gone into the city on their honeymoon. It happened that on the day of their arrival a circus opened its attractions, and among them was a captive balloon in which rides were offered.

It was the first trip of the balloon, and it proved to be the last for a few days. Of course the rope broke. Amelia and Albert sailed away into the clouds on their wedding journey. There was much confusion below, and a great scurrying around of people. Searching parties were sent out to watch for the descent of the bridal car. Down it came at the end of 24 hours, 100 miles from Atlanta. The bride and groom decided that their wedding trip had been quite long enough and they hastened for the quietude of their homes.

Whiskey \$1.10 Per Gallon.

claim to be the LOWEST PRICED WHISKEY HOUSE. We retail self-whiskey as low as \$1.10 per gallon, and mind you; distilled whiskey—not a decoction of chemicals—but of course it's new and under proof.

"CASPER'S STANDARD" 10 Year old whiskey is a liquid joy! It is actually produced by honest Tar Heels in the Mountain Section of North Carolina by the old time process. Every drop is boiled over open furnace wood fires, in old style copper stills, in exactly the same way it was made by your grand-fathers a century ago. First rate whiskey is sold at \$5 to .6 per gallon, but it is not any better than the best produced and must please every customer or we will buy it back with gold—we are incorporated Under the Laws of North Carolina, with an authorized capital of \$100,000.00 and the Peoples National Bank and Piedmont Savings Bank of Winston-Salem, N. C., will tell you our guarantee is good. This is old honest, mild and mellow whiskey worth one dollar a quart, but to more fully introduce "CASPER'S STANDARD" we offer sample shipments of this brand at half price, (packed in plain sealed boxes) 5 Quarts \$2.95, 10 Quarts \$5.00, Express Prepaid Anywhere in the United States. All orders and remittances (in stamps, cash or by check etc.) as well as requests for confidential price list must be addressed as follows:

W. B. Casper Co., Winston-Salem, N. C., U. S. A.

Main Office and Warehouses: No's. 1043-46 Liberty and 1, 3, 4 and 5 Maple Streets.

WHISKEY \$1.10 Per Gallon.

The New Manifolding Hammond Typewriter.



PERFECT alignment and impression. Easy of operation. Work in sight. Changeable type-shuttles. The best typewriter for the business or professional man.

In Use By

Miss L. S. Chase, Dr. Geo. H. Richardson, P. W. Frisby, J. L. Walton, W. C. Chase and others.

The Hammond Typewriter Co., 521 NINTH STREET, N. W., Washington, D. C.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD AT

House & errmanN

The Only Complete Housefurnishing Establishment in Washington.

STIEFF PIANOS

Have stood the test for sixty years. When buying from us you are buying direct from the manufacturer.

WE HAVE Other MAKES

Taken in trade which we can

LOW PRICES *****

UPRIGHT PIANOS AS LOW AS

15, square Pianos 5, Organs 15

Terms to suit

Stieff WARE ROOMS

531 11th St N W

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c. Anyone sending a sketch and description will quickly ascertain our opinion free of charge. We advise patentable cases promptly. Communications are strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Mann & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.

A. J. Mann & Co., 311 Broadway, New York

Method in Her Bedroom. "What on earth do you mean," her mother asked, "by urging your husband to get one of those outrageously priced Panama hats? Are you crazy to encourage such extravagance?" "I shall want some more hats from time to time myself, mamma dear," the sweet young woman replied, "and he has always kicked so at the price I pay."

"My darling! You always was such a hand for looking ahead. Let me kiss you."—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Strained Position. The fellow who wants to hold office in quite a dilemma is found. He can't keep his nose to the grindstone and also his ear to the ground. —N. Y. Times.

LADY OF THE LARIAT.

Feats of Skill in Capturing Racing Bronchos Have Made Mr. Chamberlain Famous.

There is a woman in Arizona who can rope a wild horse with a lariat as well as any man on the ranches. She is the only expert lariat-thrower in the United States, and is the wife of Arizona's gentleman cowboy, Grant W. Chamberlain.

Mrs. Chamberlain can handle a rope with a dexterity that has made her famous throughout the cattle regions of the west. She is a wonderful horse-woman and a skillful general in a round-up.

Born in Michigan, Mrs. Chamberlain has spent the last eight years in the



GRACEFUL AND UNERRING.

west. Her husband has been coaching her in the work for years, but some of her most remarkable swings she invented herself.

Using a 50-yard rope, Mrs. Chamberlain can capture a racing broncho with astounding certainty and ease. In a stampede, she is as cool as the best, and few are quicker and surer with the rope than she.

She dresses for her work in a blouse and bloomers and rides astride. Such dexterity as hers would be impossible in skirts. She takes exercises that would astonish the usual beauty-seeker who swings a two-pound dumb-bell.

With her 50-yard rope, Mrs. Chamberlain, standing well poised, throws circles back of her, in front, over or at the side, the spinning rope being started with a small circle which gradually enlarges as the rope is paid out. She next holds the circling rope, first in her right hand, then upon the wrist and forearm, then on the left hand, wrist and arm. This is called the "shifting-circles act," and is one of the most difficult known.

Then, encircled by the spinning rope, the woman leaps into and out of the revolving loop without marring the curve. An instant's hesitancy, a single wrong move, would send the 50 yards of rope out in a horizontal line and cause it to collapse in an instant.

ESCAPED IN MILK WAGON.

Cleveland Couple Evaded Unwelcome Attention by Beginning Honeymoon Humbly.

A honeymoon in which a milk wagon was the first conveyance utilized by the happy pair on their wedding tour was a unique feature of recent social happenings in Cleveland, O. Joseph H. Peck and Mabel H. Burgess were married on Wednesday evening at the home of the bride.

The participants are both well known in Cleveland, the bride having



POOLING THE JOKERS.

been a supervisor of music in the East Cleveland public schools, and the groom secretary of the Young Men's Christian association. Members of the latter organization were the direct cause of the deviation from the usual custom of driving away from the house in a ribbon-bedecked carriage, followed by an embryo rice pudding and a shower of antique footgear.

For weeks the boys from the alphabetical society had planned the things they would do to that carriage. At the proper moment the crowd of jokers surrounded the back and waited for the newly-wedded pair. At that very instant Peck was lifting his blushing bride to the seat of the milk wagon stationed in the alley, and before the would-be humorists had outgrown their impudence the couple were on board an east-bound train.

After singing three verses of "Oh, Fudge," the alleged friends of the newly-organized Peck family exclaimed "Pickles" and tanked up on vanilla soda to drown their regrets.

TRAMPS ARE JOYFUL.

With Gladness They Hail the Return of Gentle Spring.

Winter Always Is a Bitter Season for Weary Willie, But in the Good Old Summer Time He Enjoys Life.

There is some one who rejoices that the good old summer time is almost here again, even more than does the gay jaybird, the merry meadowlark, or the festive bobolink. It is Dusty Rhodes. And not only Dusty, but his friends—Wandering Willie, Meandering Mike, Peregrinating Pete, and the rest of the family of the great unwashed, commonly known as tramps.

The winter time, says the Chicago Tribune, is a bitter season to the genus tramp. If he can be goes south; but even down south, away down south, sleeping out in January is no idle dream. Besides, so many tramps throng southward when the snow commences to fall in the north that the tramp industry in Dixie during the winter time is terribly overdone. Toward the south, however, the cold and heartless and unfeeling, and southern town boards make horrible ordinances to the effect that people with no visible means of support shall be put to work in the city brickyard. So many tramps go south that there are members of the profession working both sides of the street all the way to New Orleans, and there are not enough cold handouts to go around.

So uninviting has been the southern field during the last few years that many tramps heroically prefer to remain in the north during the winter, and take their chances of freezing to death rather than to suffer the lingering starvation and the horrible certainty of working in the brickyard if they stray to the other side of Mason and Dixon's line.

So every winter thousands of tramps remain during the cold season in all the large cities of the north. Chicago winters thousands of them. Every freezing night finds hundreds of tramps besieging every police station



WEARIE AND WILLIE.

(They Won't Sleep Anywhere Except on Flower Beds.)

in town. In the morning, after sleeping all night on the brick floors, they are turned out into the cold world and must spend the day hanging around some saloon, venturing out now and then to beg money of some kind-hearted passerby. Sometimes they shovel snow, and once in awhile they carry in coal, and now and then they venture out to the ponds and rivers around the city and in northern Illinois and Wisconsin and work at cutting ice. But the tramps do not relish working in the ice fields any more than they like working in the brickyards down south, and after they get a little money they scurry back to Chicago and live as long as they can on their savings, and when that is done worry along again until their dire distress drives them back to work.

But now the good old summer time is coming again, and the tramp rejoices. In his dreams he sees again the fields and woods, with the blazing camp fire along the track, and smells the chicken cooking in the oyster can. In the summer he can sleep out of doors without the horrible fear of waking up and finding his feet frozen. In summer he can look himself in a box car without wondering if he will freeze solid before the car is opened again. He can take trips down to little country towns on circus days, and reap a harvest of handouts, and probably cake. In summer he doesn't have to hang around a police station and beg his hereditary enemies to give him shelter. Instead of the hard, cold brick floor of a police station, he knows that within a few short weeks he can sink to rest on sweet-smelling clover in a fine, large barn. In the morning he can borrow some eggs from a nest, and, wandering over to a nearby woods, build his fire and cook a dainty breakfast.

The summer time, with soft, languorous breezes, and starlit nights, and nodding trees, and babbling brooks, is the season that Wandering Willie loves. And he looks for it, and waits for it, and yearns for it, the "dear old summer time," and when it comes he rejoices and is exceedingly glad.

The Coffee Chewing Habit.

The coffee chewing habit is increasing alarmingly. It is easily contracted because of the pleasant taste of the fresh roasted berries, and the exhilaration from the active principle of coffee being similar to that from the alcohol in beer and whisky, the habit is hard to break. The effects of coffee eating are much more marked than those from tobacco using. It wrecks the nerves, yellows the skin, and destroys the appetite.

COW ATE BANKNOTES.

Belfast Cat Slept on Jewelry Worth a Thousand Dollars.

Stories of Animals That Ruined Their Owners—Men Betrayed by Dogs Are Quite Numerous—Plague of Collies.

A Belfast woman named Watkins was suspected of having stolen and hidden in her house a quantity of jewelry valued at \$200. Detectives called, says London Answers, and made a thorough search, but failed to find the missing property.

Just as they were leaving the last room, having given up their task in despair, a cat which had been sitting with her kittens in a basket in the corner, got up, stretched herself and mewed. One of the officers turned back, looked into the basket, and there discovered the jewelry, hidden in the hay which formed the cat's bed. The cat's owner is now expiating her crime in jail.

Another curious case of an animal unwittingly delivering its master up to justice comes from Wednesday. An iron worker of that town was cruel enough to throw his dog down a disused pit 60 feet deep. The poor creature's moans were heard by passers-by, and one of them named William Jeavons pluckily went down and rescued the unfortunate beast, which was badly injured. It was taken to the police station and well looked after, and shortly recovered. But, as it was not known to whom it belonged, no steps could be taken to punish the person responsible for the outrage.

A week or two later the dog was accompanying one of the policemen through the streets, when it suddenly ran into the house and began to play with the children. The officer entered, and the master of the house confessed that the dog belonged to him, and that he had thrown it down the pit. He was at once arrested and



THE CAT WAS THE THIEF.

very heavily fined for his brutal conduct.

A very peculiar case was recently recorded of such a harmless creature as a cow inflicting very serious loss upon its owner. A farmer in Lanark county, near Ottawa, in Canada, had 229 in notes of the Bank of Ottawa. These he placed in the pocket of his coat, which he hung on a fence while he worked. When he came back he found that the wind had blown his coat to the ground, the notes had fallen out and the cow was quietly chewing up the last of them.

A hawk was recently before the magistrates at Nottingham on a charge of poaching. The keepers had suspected him for a long time, but invariably failed to catch him. On this occasion, however, they had secured his dog, which was brought into court. The moment the poor faithful beast saw its master it sprang out of the arms of the policeman and rushed toward him. The evidence was held to be complete and the man was fined.

A most curious case of involuntary damage done by an animal comes from Worcestershire. During a heavy thunderstorm last August a valuable horse got terribly frightened, and, galloping up from the field toward the farm, got wedged in its blind panic between a wire fence and a barn containing a quantity of hay and valuable agricultural implements. Lightning struck the fence, and, passing through the body of the horse, killed it, afterward setting fire to the barn, which burned until it was completely gutted and all its contents destroyed beyond the possibility of recognition.

Perhaps the most utter ruin ever inflicted upon human beings by domestic animals was in Patagonia, four or five years ago. A number of Scotch crofters emigrated to north Patagonia and began sheep farming, at which they were very successful. They brought out with them several valuable collies, and these for a time did good work.

But one winter one of these farmers died suddenly. His dogs, left without food, began to devour the sheep. They ran away, took to the hills and became the progenitors of a race of wild dogs which came down in packs and killed the sheep by hundreds.

So serious have matters become that a bounty of £2 a head is offered for these wild collies. If there are not soon exterminated it is said that the settlement must be given up, owing to the ravages of these animals.

Cheap Funerals in Berlin. The officials of Berlin contemplate the establishing of a city undertaker's shop, which will supply funeral paraphernalia at cost prices.

INTREPID NAVIGATOR.

Capt. Howard Blackburn Has Made Several Big Journeys in a Very Small Boat.

Capt. Howard Blackburn has the record of making longer voyages in a small boat than any other sailor in the world. He has just returned from a trip in which he traveled several thousand miles over the inland waters of the United States. The route he took was, indeed, interesting. He sailed around Cape Cod and through Long Island sound, and then down the Jersey coast as far as Atlantic City and Cape May. Then he went to New York and up the Hudson to the Erie canal, and through to Buffalo. He kept on through the lake to Detroit, and then to Chicago. He was in Chicago the latter part of August, and



CAPT. BLACKBURN'S BOAT. (Only Twenty Feet Long, But Strong Enough to Cross the Atlantic.)

after a stay of about two weeks went down through the old Illinois and Michigan canal to the Illinois river and to the Mississippi. He kept on the latter river to Columbus, reaching there in November. From Columbus he went by rail to Mobile, Ala., and thence through the gulf of Mexico to St. Joseph bay, Pensacola, Tampa and Key West. From Key West he started for Miami, but in the Biscayne bay he went ashore, and later decided to sell his boat.

John R. Strong, of Cambridge, a summer resident of Gloucester, gave him a rowboat, which he named the Laura E. Strong, after Mrs. Strong. In this he rowed up the creeks, canals and the Indian river as far as Titusville, where he hauled across to Salt lake, on the St. Johns river, and from there went to Jacksonville, where he sold the rowboat and took a Clyde steamer for New York.

The first boat used by Mr. Blackburn, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, was the same in which he left Gloucester, Mass., a few years ago, crossing the Atlantic ocean and returning safely. He considers the inland trip recently completed far more difficult and almost as dangerous. The boat which he used is a little craft which is less than 20 feet in length. Mr. Blackburn is known as the "fingerless navigator," as a number of years ago he lost all of the fingers of one hand in an accident.

PHONOGRAPHIC DRUM.

Latest Device Used by Salvation Army to Attract Attention of the Careless Masses.

Still another proof has been brought to light to demonstrate that the Salvation Army is a progressive organization. The Springfield (Mass.) detachment has just purchased a remarkable phonographic arrangement, which is expected to attract the attention of the careless masses and halt them in their downward career.

The new attraction resembles a big bass drum. Inside of it is placed an



PHONOGRAPHIC DRUM. (Latest Instrument of Torture Employed by Salvation Army.)

improved phonograph, which will dispense sacred and popular music as the army marches the streets or gathers on the corner for its regular services.

The drum and its contents have been mounted on a rubber-tired carriage, in order that there may be a minimum of vibration.

Gen. Booth-Tucker, of the army, has examined the instrument, and predicts its success as an aid to better results in the work of the organization.

If the innovation proves a success in Springfield, the army will purchase a large number to assist in their religious work throughout the country.

Corsets Cause Appendicitis. An unusual number of serious illnesses and operations, especially for appendicitis, having occurred in ladies of the French nobility, a professor of the faculty of medicine was asked the cause. He said: "It is all due to the present fashionable corset, the pressure of which displaces the abdomen and impedes digestion."

Statesmen Who Were Soldiers. Twenty-nine per cent. of the members of the senate and 13 per cent. of the house fought on one side or the other in the civil war.

AMERICA IS DOOMED.

Famous Yacht, First Cup Winner, to Be Broken Up.

Pieces of the Celebrated Craft Will Be Sent to Yachtsmen All Over the World—History of the Great Race of 1861.

A calamity is about to befall the yachting world—the gallant old America, which won the America's cup in 1851, is to be broken up. She is no longer seaworthy and her owner, Congressman Butler Ames, of Boston, will have the boat taken to pieces. The different parts will be distributed to yachtsmen all over the world. The last time the old boat was in commission was the day the Defender won the deciding race of the series of 1895 and sent the Valkyrie III, a defeated boat, back across the Atlantic.

For more than half a century the brave old hulk has fought battles with the sea. She was built in 1851 by Governor Steers for John C. Stevens. Stevens had a very fast yacht, which he believed was the finest afloat, called the Maria. This Maria had a long, hollow bow, and Steers fell in love with its model, but believed he could improve on it. So he offered to build the America for Stevens, and Stevens offered to buy the America from Steers at his own price, if it was better than the Maria. Nothing could be fairer than this, and Steers set to work on this arrangement. The America was built and was a beauty, but she was, nevertheless, at first a failure; for she was expressly built to beat the Maria, but instead of this the Maria beat her, and so Stevens would not take her.

The America was sold to five men, two of whom were members of Mr. Stevens' family, and they took her to England on a cruise. The party arrived in the Solent in 1851, "Exhibition year."

A cup had been offered, valued at \$500, for the winner of a race around the Isle of Wight, open to any vessel, of any rig, of any nation, without time allowance. The America was entered. Pitted against her were 14 yachts, the flower of the British yachting navy, the choicest products of transatlantic



THE CUP WINNER AMERICA. (Famous Yacht Which Is Now Being Broken Up by Its Owner.)

shipbuilding skill. The starting gun was fired at ten o'clock, August 22. All the yachts were away in an instant except the America. She hung in the water as though anchored. Just why the American yacht should have been the last away has never been explained, but in a few minutes the long black hull began to creep up. The America was sacrificing speed to secure the windward berth. When only three yachts remained between the Yankee boat and the lead the skipper eased the tiller and bore down upon the leaders like a hawk. In half an hour after a bad start the America had shaken loose the last Britisher and was in the lead. Off Sandown bay, the wind freshened to a light gale and carried away her jibboom, but the competitors gained only a few hundred yards. When she finally crossed the line there was no other yacht in sight. Queen Victoria had the news of the race brought to her by a special messenger.

Twenty minutes after the America won, the British yacht Aurora arrived at the stake boat and was awarded second prize. For years the "old timers" at Southampton could not be made to believe that she had sailed fairly. It was alleged that she carried a small wheel in the keel and she was actually examined by several British yachtsmen.

After the race in 1851, the America was sold to an Englishman, and for several years was lost to public sight almost entirely. Her hull lay high and dry on the bank of one of the English rivers. The next that was heard of her was as a blockade runner in southern waters in the civil war. She was captured by the United States, and remained government property for many years. At one time she was sunk in a Florida river to prevent her capture by federal gunboats.

George Steers, who modeled the America, was killed by a horse in 1853. The America is 83 feet long at the water line. She cost \$12,000. As an illustration of the advance made in yachting, it may be said that the Reliance was insured recently for \$100,000, which is much less than her cost. At the time of the race the America carried two masts and rigged as a two-masted schooner. It was not until after the civil war that she was converted into a single masted boat.

One part of the America, says the Kansas City Star, was removed while the boat was in England before the civil war. It was the American eagle which decorated the yacht's stern. It now hangs over the door of the Royal Eagle hotel at Ryde, Isle of Wight.

SPAIN'S YOUNG KING.

He Is Unable to Stem Republican Progress and Revolt Is Near in His Capital City.

Unless something very unexpected should happen it seems that a revolution is inevitable at Madrid. Ever since the unlucky war with the United States the taxes have been almost unbearable, and the country has been on the verge of ruin. Small riots have been the order of the day all over, and on top of this now comes the terrible frost and snow of May, which has ruined all prospects of a good crop this year. The frost came most unexpectedly after a severe drought of several months.

The peasants of Andalusia, La Mancha and Castile are suffering from lack



KING ALFONSO XIII. (Boy Ruler of Spain Who May Lose His Throne Very Soon.)

of food, and the field workers have assumed a threatening attitude, which has caused the government to call out the troops. Cordova has been under military law for some time, and the anarchists are very active.

The king of course, cannot be expected to be able to meet a crisis of this kind, and is said to be very vacillating, now listening to his prudent advisers, who advocate the building of public roads and works to relieve the distress caused by want of employment, and then giving way to his youthful impetuosity and giving orders to use shot and bayonet and smother the riots in blood.

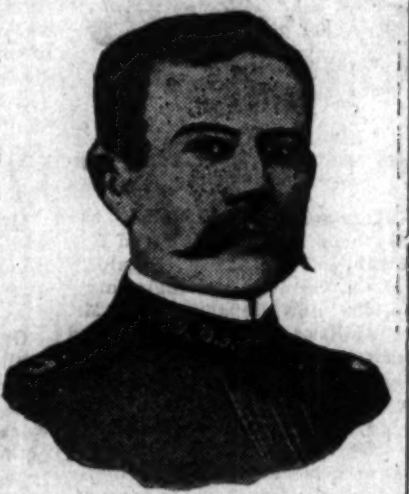
It is said that there is a great deal of worry in court circles, where it is realized that the king is hardly more popular with the people than his Austrian mother, and who know that the wish for a republican form of government is really growing. The amazing gains of the republicans in the last election to the cortes have not been without effect upon the ruling aristocracy.

GEN. BURTON ADVANCED.

Made Inspector General of the United States Army, with Headquarters at Washington.

Gen. George H. Burton has received his commission as inspector general of the army and entered actively on the discharge of the duties of that office. He has been stationed at Governor's Island, N. Y., for several months past as inspector general of the department of the east.

Inspector General Burton was born in Delaware, and was graduated from the West Point military academy in the class of 1865. As an infantry officer



GEN. G. H. BURTON. (Newly-Appointed Inspector General General of the United States Army.)

he served under Gen. Stoneman three years in the south in reconstruction times, and was in the Indian country on the extreme frontier nearly 14 years. He was actively engaged in the Modoc, Nez Perce and Bannock Indian wars, and was breveted major for distinguished conduct at the battles of the north fork of the Clear Water, Idaho, and at Capt. Jack's Caves, in the lava beds of northern California. In 1885 he was promoted major in the inspector general's department by President Cleveland for meritorious service with his regiment. Since then he has served almost continuously west of the Mississippi river and in Cuba. A notable event of his service in Cuba was the unearthing of the frauds in the postal affairs of the island. He carries with him ripe experience for the fulfillment of the duties required in his new sphere, and is probably as well equipped for the position of inspector general as any other officer in the department.

The Cranberry Country. The bulk of the cranberries of this country come from the part of eastern Massachusetts, which lies near Cape Cod.

JAMP FIRE STORIES.

Pathetic Incidents in the Life of a Gettysburg Veteran.

After the Sawbones Had Cut Off His Arm He Slept in a Barn and Awoke to Find His Strange Comrades Dead.

At a recent impromptu campfire in this city, says the Washington Star, several old fellows, as usual, had much to say of the civil war, particularly concerning events and circumstances in which they either had participated or were able to relate with the soundest reasons for belief in their truthfulness.

On this special occasion incidents more or less relating to the battle of Gettysburg were talked about. An old clerk in one of the departments, who carries with him constantly a souvenir of that terrible struggle in the shape of an empty sleeve, told of certain experiences that befell him after he became hors de combat.

"I received my quietus," he said, "on the second day of the Gettysburg fight. One thing I recollect perfectly, and that is the day was a scorcher. I'm talking about the calorific in the atmosphere now, not about the heat of the fight. Men on both sides know all about that. About four o'clock in the afternoon I was kneeling on one knee, all ready to take another shot, when all of a sudden I thought a hornet stung me. Well, it was a hornet; but it was made of lead, and came out of a confederate rifle. I soon found that out and reported to the rear in double quick order.

"Well, as I could show blood, I was passed on, and I swear that then I felt as if I were on a vacation. I wanted a drink of good, cool water, for that remaining in my canteen was as hot as if it had been boiled; so I went on looking for a river, or a



HE MET TWO OFFICERS.

brook, or spring, or any place where I could quench my thirst. Soon I found one in a sort of a little grove. It was just bubbling, and gurgling, and sparkling, and I thought it was one of the prettiest sights I ever saw in my life. I just lay down on my stomach and, with my wounded arm thrust deep into the water, I drank my fill. I never had such a refreshing draught in all my born days. It put new life in me, and I remember to this day that I sat down for a long time and wondered, among other things, if there wasn't good trout fishing in the stream. Then, after the long rest, I resumed my journey.

"I hadn't gone far when I met two officers. They had boxes under their arms, and it was not difficult for me to recognize them as medical officers. They were young men, both of them, and after a short talk with me and an examination of my wounded 'wing' they began to talk to each other about mortification and amputation, and all that sort of thing, at the same time informing me that it was necessary to cut my arm off then and there. They assured me of their regret that they had nothing in the nature of anaesthetics. I kicked, metaphorically and physically. I wanted to go to a hospital, but they said nay, and the result is here," and he held up what remained of the arm.

"It was nearing or quite sundown when the surgeons met me, and I enjoyed their company for about half an hour, when I went my way and they continued on their journey. About eight o'clock, over a little range of hills, I saw the big, round, yellow moon flooding the country with light. The evening was growing cooler, and I was ready for all the repose I could get. I saw by the moonlight a barn or outbuilding of some kind, and I made for it. When I looked in the door I saw it was already occupied, but there was room for one more. The temporary tenants were scattered around in all directions, some sitting up against the wall and others supine on their backs on the floor. They were all soldiers, and I noticed particularly one who was sitting down with his musket between his knees. He was leaning against some boards. Nobody said anything to me, so I entered without the slightest ceremony and was asleep before the second hand of a clock could traverse the tenth part of its circle. The sun was high in the heavens when I awoke, and I noticed that my roommates were still asleep. The man with the rifle between his knees was in the same attitude and so were all the others. Yes, they were all in a slumber from which they will never awake until a trumpet louder than any yet sounded on earth shall call them back to life again."

THAT BOY "SPOONER."

His Bright Future Was Predicted Many Years Ago by Gov. Fairchild, of Wisconsin.

John C. Spooner, who was recently given his third election to the United States senate by the republicans of Wisconsin, has had a brilliant political career. This was predicted back in the sixties, when he was private secretary of the late Gov. Lucius Fairchild, of his state. One day, shortly after the civil war, Senator Stark, of Wisconsin, called upon the governor to discuss a bill which he had helped through the legislature. He was afraid that the governor contemplated vetoing it, and was prepared to do some plain talking in its behalf.

The discussion had begun when the old senator caught sight of the pri-



HON. JOHN C. SPOONER. (His Great Career Was Predicted Away Back in the Sixties.)

rate secretary. Col. Spooner was a young man then of about 22, and had the appearance of one much younger. "Governor," said Stark, "I wish you would send that boy out of the room."

Gov. Fairchild glanced around.

"I see no boy, senator," he replied.

"Step this way, John," said the governor, after Stark had pointed out the secretary as "that boy." "Senator Stark allow me to introduce you to my new private secretary, Col. John C. Spooner."

Then, as the senator endeavored to recover from his embarrassment, the governor, who was much given to saying nice things to and about people, added:

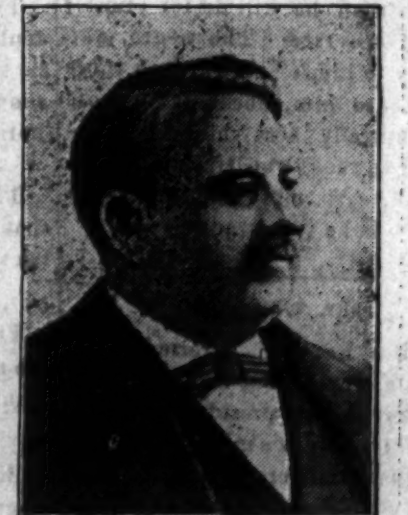
"Take a good look at him, senator; Wisconsin is likely to send 'that boy' to the United States senate one of these times."

"That boy," at that time, was a graduate of the Wisconsin university and had served as a soldier in the civil war, winning two commissions—one as captain and the other as major—and was even then a good lawyer, as he is today one of the first in the nation.

OFFICIALS ALARMED.

Large Influx of Criminal Foreigners Into United States Should Be Stopped, They Say.

The United States immigration officials are becoming alarmed at the continual large influx of criminal foreigners into the United States. As a result it is extremely probable that the most rigid measures will be adopted under the new law to bar out immigrants who are suspected of criminal tendencies. It is stated that the worst class of immigrants to this country come from southern Italy. They now outnumber the immigrants from every other country of Europe, and at the present time are coming at the rate of 30,000 a month. Ninety per cent. of them remain in the big cities, where they en-



FRANK P. SARGENT. (United States Superintendent of Immigration.)

ter all kinds of cheap industries, such as banana selling, etc. In New York the complaints against low-grade Italians are constantly growing, and they are regarded as the most dangerous class of residents found there.

It is stated at the treasury department that good proof exists that there is a regular padrone system in operation in the United States and Italy for bringing large numbers of Italians into this country. In fact, it is believed that the bulk of the Italians that are now flocking here are brought over under contract. The officials have been of this opinion for some time, but the tracks of those engaged in the enterprise have been covered up so skillfully that it has been exceedingly difficult to get hold of the evidence necessary to secure convictions.

The scheme is a big one, and involves people both in Italy and in the United States. It may be stated on authority, also, that a special agent is now abroad in search of facts that will warrant the government in taking steps to break up the importation of Italian workmen and punish those engaged in the business.

The Bee.

PUBLISHED AT

1109 "I" St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

W. CALVIN CHASE, EDITOR.

Entered at the Post at Washington, D. C., as second-class mail matter.

ESTABLISHED 1882.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy per year..... \$2.00
 Six months..... 1.00
 Three months..... .60
 Subscribe, monthly.... 20

RETROGRADING.

Has it ever occurred to the colored people that they are making but little progress? Has it ever occurred to the negro in the North, that the Southern negro is far superior to him in business? Politically the negro is retrograding. This is caused by the theory advanced by Booker T. Washington. There is no man on American soil to day that is more of a draw back to the negro than Booker T. Washington. The white people may give him their money, their influence, and anything else, but the American negro will never become the serf and slave of the white man no matter what theory Booker T. Washington may advance. The white man South is looking on the negro with a jealous eye. Tillman has declared that he will be an impediment to the white race, on industrial lines. The white man South has disfranchised the negro hoping to eliminate him altogether from the body politic. He is now told, that he will, in the near future, be in the way of the white man. He is educating himself, to enable him to meet the requirements of the Constitutions of the several states. The question now is, is the negro retrograding? Will their be no stop to the white man's persecution of him? Must he be compelled to use force to defend himself against oppression and persecution? Has the negro done anything to the white man, except to be loyal to the republic and defend him against those who, at one time invaded the South? The negro is never actuated by jealousy against the white man. He is the faithful and obedient citizen, always willing and ready to do his duty to his country and his fellow citizens. The truth of the matter is, the negro is truer to every nationality than to himself. He will do more for others than he will do for himself or his own race. The negro is an enemy to himself; faithful to those who abuse him, obedient to those who brutally beat him and a deserter to those who treat him well. Is the negro improving his condition? Is he retrograding?

REV. T. S. HAMLIN.

The Bee has been informed from reliable sources that Rev. T. S. Hamlin, the acting president of Howard University is a man of influence and just the person to be at the head of Howard University. Of course Howard University is in need of a man of influence and one who is in touch with public men. No man is better qualified, if reports are true, than Dr. Hamlin. The Bee knows him to be a gentle man and a fair man who will do all in his power to bring Howard University up to the standard of perfection. Howard University needs a reorganization. There are certain forms that Dr. Hamlin thought to make if he should decide to accept the presidency of the great institution. It has done a great work for the colored people throughout the United States and should it ever become crippled, to a great extent, the colored people will feel it.

BOOKER T. WASHINGTON IN CHICAGO.

from the Chicago Conservator.

Last Thursday Booker T. Washington came to Chicago by invitation as the guest of a number eminent for their wealth, social standing and interest in matters of education, and remained in

the city in a state of strenuous activity until Monday evening of this week. Mr. Washington is trying to raise a substantial endowment fund for his school and his friends had him come to Chicago to lay the character of his work in the school and the general condition of the Negro before the public here with the hope that he would raise several thousand dollars, and from the fact that some of the wealthiest men in the city associated themselves closely with him while he was here, it is reasonable to suppose that he went away pretty well satisfied with his trip to our town.

Mr. Washington spoke several times while in the city although he not only repeated the same speech every time, but gave his old regulation speech which for years he has been handing around the country with all the old stories and illustrations so familiar to those who have heard him often the people eagerly crowded every place where he spoke and seemed to enjoy it to enthusiasm.

While Mr. Washington clearly met the expectations of the white people who brought him here and evidently did much good for himself it is the general impression among the most thoughtful race loving Negroes of Chicago that his visit to Chicago set the Negro back several years in the eyes of the white people here who accept Mr. Washington's version of the needs and condition of the race. The Conservator shares this view of Mr. Washington's preaching and has often sought to convince the colored people that Mr. Washington, though regarded by the white people as "the greatest negro in this or any other age, in this or any other country," is, taking the race as a whole, doing the Negroes more real harm among their real friends than all the fire Negro hating Democrats of the South put together, Ben Tillman included.

The Bee has long since been convinced that Booker T. Washington is doing the race more harm than all the enemies, Tillman included, the negroes have. The time will soon come when the negro will be convinced that he has been betrayed.

What will become of the Negro?

Tillman says it makes him angry to hear the name of Mr. Cleveland.

Dr. Warfield of the Freedman's Hospital is meeting with success.

Two Judges of the Police Court will be appointed in January.

The democratic party will not nominate Grover Cleveland as its standard bearer.

Commissioner Macfarland is one of the most popular Commissioners ever appointed.

Judge Parker of New York is no doubt a factor in democratic politics.

The Convention of the Civil Liberty Party has been postponed until September 10th. It will be one of the most representative gathering that has ever assembled.

The man who informed President Roosevelt that he could muzzle the Negro press should have shown him a certificate of authority.

There is no reason that suffrage should not be restored to the District of Columbia.

The people of this country have the most abiding faith in Senator Hanna.

Booker Washington is doing the Negro great injury.

The Bee suggests the appointment of two colored ladies at Howard University.

Porters Move Label Code.
 A system of wireless telegraphy is ingeniously worked by the porters of hotels in various European cities. The position, or angle, marked by the way in which a label is pasted on a guest's baggage indicates whether the owner is accustomed to tipping. For instance, if the upper left-hand corner of the label points downward, he is generous; if the label is straightly placed, the sides parallel with the sides of the trunk, he is a mean fellow, averse to tipping, and on him special attention would be wasted. He's a lobster.

An Electric Washerwoman.
 Electricity lately has been pressed into the service of the housewife, the Buda-Pesth newspapers announcing the invention of an electrical washing machine by Josef Nagy, of Szegedin. With this machine the use of soap is dispensed with, the electric current being intended to take away any stain or grease. The machine will wash 300 pieces of linen without the assistance of a man.

MISSED NEARLY HALF.

Young Wife's Pronunciation Test for Verifying Suspicions Worked Only Too Well.

A St. Louis broker told a Republic reporter the other day of how a young thing, recently married to a colleague of his on the exchange, discovered that her hubby had been indulging a little too freely in the cup that cheers. At first she held her breath, she was that frightened. Then followed a long period of suspense, wherein doubt upon doubt accumulated.

Finally she determined to find out beyond all possible doubt whether her suspicions were well founded. To a dear friend she confided the source of



HANDED HIM THE LIST.

her trouble; and from this friend she learned that it had always been said that a man even slightly intoxicated cannot pronounce words of any length. Whereupon the young wife decided that that would be a good plan to try.

When next the friend met the young wife she was in a state of great agitation. When asked if the suspicions had been verified, the young woman burst into tears and said that they had.

"I handed him this list," she said, between sobs, fishing from her bag a paper which gave to her friend, and which contained the following words: "Phthisis, photochromy, hypochondriasis, parochronism, phenakistoscope, plesiosaurus, antimoniomania, pseudodactylitis."

"And," she continued, while her friend read the list, "he missed nearly half of them."

HIGH POST FOR CLARK.

Head of Railway Conductors May Be Appointed Assistant Secretary of Commerce.

The selection of Edgar E. Clark, of Cedar Rapids, Ia., chief of the Brotherhood of Railway Conductors, to be assistant secretary of the department of commerce and labor, has partially been decided upon and is a recognition of the labor organizations of the country and their interests in the new department.



EDGAR E. CLARK.
 (Railroad Man Who Is Slated for High Government Office.)

ment of commerce and labor, has partially been decided upon and is a recognition of the labor organizations of the country and their interests in the new department. Mr. Clark's abilities, his judgment and familiarity with labor problems have been demonstrated during his service as a member of the coal strike commission and he has been highly commended to the president by his associates. He is cordially endorsed by the senators and representatives from Iowa and also by several of the most influential labor organizations. He has been at the head of the railway conductors' brotherhood for many years, and the president believes that he has the confidence of the labor element of the country as completely as any other man. The new department of which Mr. Cortelyou is chief will have jurisdiction over all questions involving the labor interests of the country, hence the president believes that a man of practical experience in such affairs and a representative of organized labor should be selected as assistant secretary.

Canada's Oldest Legislator.
 The oldest legislator in the world is Senator Mark, a member of the Canadian parliament. He is in his one hundredth year and has been one of the legislators for the province of New Brunswick for upward of 60 years. He was an old man when the provinces were confederated into the Dominion.

Traveling Safe in England.
 Only one person was killed on the railways of Great Britain during the year 1902. In the closing three months of the year 845 persons were killed and 11,163 injured on railroads in the United States. Railroad officials in England are aware that they are responsible for injuries caused by incompetence or negligence, hence they insist on due care on the part of their employees.

DO YOU PLAY POKER?

If So, You Will Understand This Story Told by Pat Sheedy, Famous Gotham Sport.

Poker stories were being told, and finally "Pat" Sheedy told one. "It was out in Missouri," he said, "that five men sat down to a play a friendly game. Things went along fairly well for a time, and then there was a big jackpot. One of the players told me about it afterward.

"I opened the pot and they all stayed," he said. "There was some raising going on before the draw, which did not scare anybody out and made the pot worth while. Then we took cards and the betting began. We put up about all the money we had and there was a showdown.

"The dealer had a king full on aces. The man on his left showed three aces and a pair of kings. The other players, both of whom looked resolute and determined, held four kings and four aces respectively.

"The other man who was telling me about the game stopped there," continued Mr. Sheedy, "and I asked him: 'What did you hold?'

"Me?" he queried. "Me? Oh, I was the coroner and I held four inquests."

Two Latest in Barometers.
 In Florida the skin of a black diamond rattlesnake is utilized as a barometer. When preserved like rawhide and hung up, the skin will emit beads of moisture at the first indications of a storm. These indications occasionally occur several hours before the arrival of the atmospheric disturbance.

Experiments Are Dangerous.
 Chemistry students in the Heidelberg university are compelled, by the rules of that institution, to insure their lives. Even those who merely attend the lectures, and do not experiment, must insure.

Pilgrims to Holy Land.
 Most of the pilgrims to the Holy Land come from Russia. From 30,000 to 40,000 Russians visit Palestine every year.

ulation of Brooklyn. He was reelected in April, 1881, for a second term; in April, 1883, for a third term, and in April, 1885, for a fourth term, and he ran in 1891 in one of the most exciting canvasses ever known in Chicago with five mayoralty candidates in the field.

The campaign terminated as follows: Washburne (Rep.), 46,957; Cregier (dem.), 46,588; Harrison (ind.), 42,931. Harrison was defeated, but he ran again in 1903, a much more important municipal election than the one which preceded it, for the term of office covering the period of the Chicago fair.

In this contest Mr. Harrison received 114,000 votes, his republican adversary 63,000, and his antagonist of two years before, Mr. Cregier, 3,000. Mr. Harrison was assassinated while mayor on October 28, 1893, two days before the closing of the fair.

Mayor Harrison, his son, was born in Chicago in 1860, and was graduated from the Yale law school in 1883. He practiced law until 1888, when he formed a real estate partnership with his brother.

When the father secured control of the Chicago Times, the son acted as business manager, managing editor and proprietor until 1894. In 1897 he made his first race for the mayoralty and has run twice since, successfully.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

The Santa Fe railway, in building its cutoff through Abo Pass canyon, will work 600 men at night under electric lights.

Russia has 37,319 miles of railway in operation; 4,921 building by the government and 1,882 by the Chinese railway company. In addition 2,194 miles are planned.

Quito, the capital of Ecuador, is to have a cotton mill. The machinery for it must be carried on the backs of mules to an altitude of 16,000 feet in the Andes in sight of Chimborazo.

Germany's trade with Venezuela is trifling in amount. The statistics for five years show that but one-fifth of one per cent. of Venezuela's exports went to Germany, and but one-tenth of one per cent. of her imports came from that country.

The richest copper region is that of Lake Superior, the copper being all in the native state. In a Minnesota mine one mass taken out was 45 feet in length, 22 feet at the greatest width, and the thickest part was more than eight feet. It weighed about 420 tons and was over 90 per cent. copper.

FINANCIAL FACTS.

Georgia banks have had one of the most prosperous years in their history.

London's bank clearings in 1902 were \$45,792,765,000, while New York's were \$76,338,189,165.

The average dividend paid by the Fall River cotton mills in 1902 was 6.47 per cent., against 5.21 in 1901.

Several new safe deposit companies have been recently organized to do business in Greater New York territory.

Great Britain imported from the United States in 1902 \$1,063,000 less gold than in 1901, and exported to us \$1,669,000 more.

"Savings bank collectors" are the latest addition to the office corps of that class of institutions. A new bank is talked of to make a specialty of house-to-house collections.

Several San Francisco savings banks have given up term deposits, commencing instead an additional rate for money deposits. The rate offered on money savings averages four per cent.

CAPTAIN IS A DATTO.

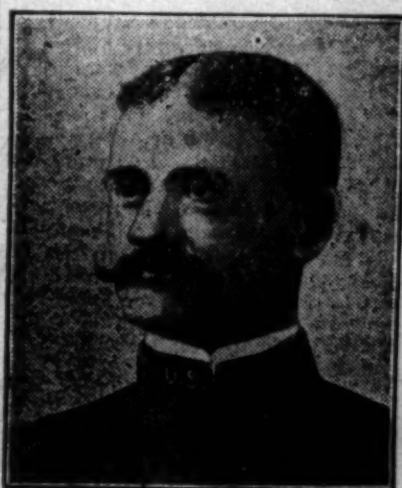
American Commander Ranks with the Princes of Sulu.

Former Chicago Society Man Occupies Peculiar Position Among Natives of Island and Is Adored by Moro Belles.

After falling in love with an American girl whom he had never seen, Kiram, the sentimental sultan of Sulu, has issued a mandate and heaped honors upon the head of a Chicago man. Every day in Iligan, in the Lake Lanao district of the far away island of Mindanao, Capt. John J. Pershing calls about him the dusky inhabitants and dispenses what little law he has to guide him. Capt. Pershing is what Kiram calls a datto. A datto is a bigger man in Iligan than the mayor is in Chicago, and Capt. Pershing is the first American to become a datto.

The New York Herald says that the present datto of Iligan was formerly a well-known bachelor of Chicago, and there he led many a cotillion and created many a flutter in one of the smartest circles. He was one of the eligibles. But he went to war and now he is a datto as well as a bachelor. He was chosen by the sultan upon request of the latter's subjects, and has the same rank as the princes of Sulu enjoy.

To be a datto is almost as interesting as being the sultan himself. Datto Pershing is subject to the commands of the sultan, that is so far as is commensurate with his duty to the stars and stripes. But in spite of the fact that the sultan of Sulu is supreme in authority, Capt. Pershing is virtually an independent ruler in his own district of Lake Lanao, wielding a kind of mystic power over the Moros which not even the sultan himself may boast of. For Datto Pershing is a white man, and the pale skin of Americans is an awesome thing to Moro superstition. He has been hailed as a "prophet," as a Divine messenger, sent by Mohammed and the president of the



CAPT. JOHN J. PERSHING.
 (American Commander Who Has Been Made a Datto of Sulu.)

United States to teach them the ways of civilization.

Datto Pershing's councils are held each morning with Moro chiefs, are famed from corner to corner of Mindanao, and a continual procession of savages visits the white man's tent. He is counselor, guide and prophet for the entire district, and every conceivable kind of business, both private and public, is taken to him for adjustment.

When Gen. Davis, commanding the department of Mindanao and Jolo, sent Pershing to Iligan as commanding officer, he selected one of the most efficient officers in his command to preside over the turbulent district of Lake Lanao. Datto Pershing's levees are more like family councils than anything else. The swarthy, brilliant-eyed Moro belles bring gifts of tropical fruits and rare woven textures to lay at his feet. Their attitude toward him is one of worshipful adoration.

Mothers carry their children to him to receive his commendation, for 'tis said that the favor of Datto Pershing will insure a brilliant future. He lives on terms of friendliness with the natives, and his very unpretentious bearing, his very apparent attitude of friendliness, won them from the beginning, and they made him their chief officer when they found that rule with him meant kindness, sympathy and understanding. Alone and unarmed he ventured into the district which he commands, establishing himself there at the very doorstep of the Moro stronghold. His very coolness won their admiration. And when they found that he had come as a friend, instead of an enemy, it won them unconditionally.

The savage Moros appreciate a genuine friendship. They know the datto is in sympathy with them, for he has paid them the compliment of respecting their customs, and they carry their grievances and their difficulties to him as children would to a parent.

That Capt. Pershing is a soldier of the first order was demonstrated by the campaign of last September under his immediate command, when he and his men gave the Macin Moros such a drubbing that no trouble has occurred since at any of the camps along the trail.

German Crown Jewels.
 The value of the jewels at the disposal of the German empress is about \$1,250,000. Of these, however, only \$500,000 worth are her private property. The others belong to the crown and are simply lent to the empress.

The present empress does not care to wear jewels, except on state occasions, nor does the emperor care to see them on her in daily life; hence weeks often pass without her seeing them.—London News.

MAPPING OUT PLANS.

Secretary Cortelyou Now Is the Busiest Man in Washington.

He Has to Devise the Machinery of the New Department of Commerce and of the Bureaus Connected with It.

Since Mr. Cortelyou became secretary of commerce he has been importuned to make speeches in many sections of the country at banquets given by commercial organizations. He has declined all such invitations. He tells his would-be hosts that his business just at present is to do, not to talk. He has been called to organize a great and important department of government; as yet he has done nothing but work at the task of organization. The greater tasks to be performed by the new department when it is fully constructed have not even been reached. At this time his speeches would necessarily deal with hopes and expectations. He says he prefers to talk about things which have been accomplished.

The big task for the secretary of commerce just at present, says the Chicago Journal, is to organize the administrative machinery which is to take care of the business of all the great bureaus which are to be transferred July 1 to the jurisdiction of the secretary of commerce. All the employees of the census, the immigration service, the geodetic and coast survey, the bureau of standards and measurements, Chinese exclusion, statistics, consular reports, labor, fish commission, steamboat inspection and the lighthouse board—all these will have to be paid and brought into order under the new regime. To do this without confusion or interruption of work is not a simple task. The book-keeping and accounting feature alone is no small undertaking. Many of the departments will move their quarters. The new building opposite the Willard hotel is to be ready for occupancy about that time, and July 1 promises



SECRETARY CORTELYOU.
 (Now Devising Machinery for New Department of Commerce.)

to be a great moving day in government circles.

The bureau of manufacture, which is one of the two new bureaus created by the law which made the department of commerce, is hardly in a condition yet to be the subject of a prospectus. What it will be depends almost entirely on Secretary Cortelyou's ideas of what it can be made to be. The law is very vague. The act reads that it shall be the province and duty of such bureau, under the direction of the secretary, to "foster, promote and develop the various manufacturing industries of the United States, and markets for the same at home and abroad, domestic and foreign, by gathering, compiling and publishing and supplying all available and useful information concerning such industries and such markets, and by such other methods and means as may be prescribed by the secretary or prescribed by the law."

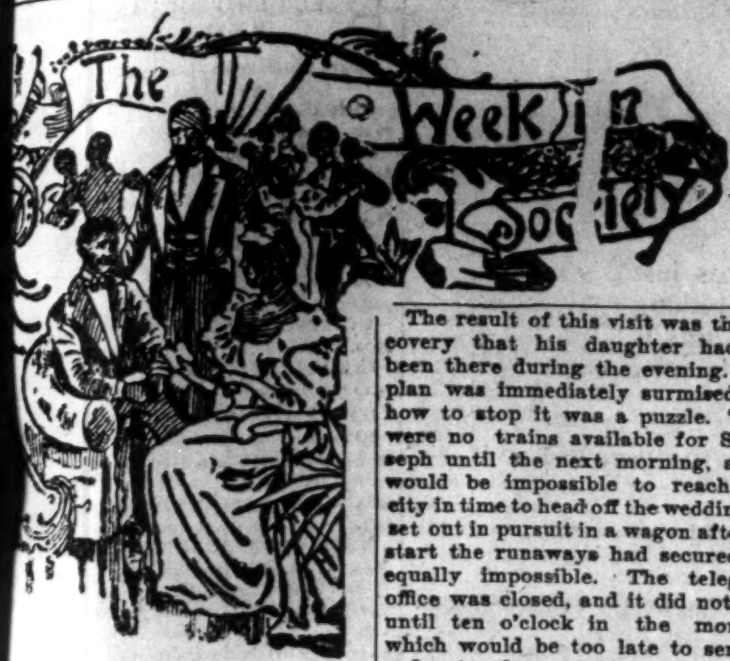
Secretary Cortelyou has not committed himself to any plan for working out this bureau of manufactures problem. What is said above indicates what may be done under the law, and what Mr. Cortelyou is turning over in his mind. He is anxious above all things to have the bureau a practical and useful branch of the government. He is determined that it shall not degenerate into a merely scientific department, with a pall of scholasticism upon it; nor does he want it to become a useless machine for grinding out useless figures and equally useless facts. He is feeling his way, soliciting suggestion, and trying to get at the sentiment of the best informed and most progressive thought. He knows that his present work is bound to be most important, for the character which he stamps upon the new department it will in all likelihood carry for many years to come.

Needed.
 Church—I hear a neighbor of mine has just invented a new machine. Gotham—What sort of a machine? "Oh, it's one where you put a nickel in the slot and get a piece of coal."—Yonkers Statesman.

Long-Lived Italian Monks.
 In Italy priests and monks live longer than any other class of men. Fifty-seven per cent. exceed the "term of the Psalmist."—Indianapolis News.

No Appeal.
 Meeker—My wife and I always settle our differences by arbitration. Bradley—Who is the arbitrator? "My wife, of course."—Smart Set.

Her Penance.
 Ella—Do you think he is going to marry me for my money? Stella—What else have you got?—M.



A. C. Miles of Ky. and erect southeast.

The city for Atlanta. City N. J. near

and Mrs. Sarah Lucas will give a dance

week at their residence on 12th street north

1923.

Alice Jefferson of 322 E. street northwest

entirely recovered from her recent illness

feels grateful and sincerely thanks her many

friends for their kindness to her while

she was ill.

Evelyn V. Carter received news from

Boston, N. C. last week of the death of her

Aunt, Mrs. Maria E. Wall, widow of the

Edward Wall, which occurred Wednesday

last.

Mamie Adams has issued invitations to

marriage reception of her sister, Louise A.

to Mr. John Burrell, Monday evening

at 1923.

Lory and Laura Wortham daughters

of P. W. Wortham of Cumberland, Md.,

are visiting to this city last week.

Mr. W. H. Green left last week for

home in Cleveland, Ohio, after a

visit of three weeks with

John P. Green.

Mr. Dallas Washington, who was seriously

ill last week is improving.

Mrs. Thomas of Lincoln Va., has re-

turned after a pleasant visit to Mr. and

J. L. Matthews.

Miss Beatrice Brooker, the eldest

daughter of Mr. W. H. Brooker, left

the city for New York City, last week

to be her future home. Miss

Brooker is with her aunt, Mrs. Maria

Brooker, and her sister, Leana, who recently

arrived from the white schools of

New York. It was a happy meeting

when she met her sister. They em-

braced and cried in each others arms.

Miss Beatrice is like her mother who

died when she was a little girl.

Her mother had not seen her for sev-

eral years, it recalled the face of her

mother. A reception was given

by the young folks and a happy

evening was enjoyed.

SOMETIMES PA WINS.

Runaway Lovers Made the Victims

of Stern Fathers.

An Account of Two Romances

Which Shows That Elopements

Occasionally Lead to Happiness.

Runaway lovers are not always suc-

cessful. The record of failures at-

tains proportions of some magnitude.

Recently the would-be bride in

bought home to mother and father

tears, and only the age of the

would-be groom prevents him from

being spanked.

As the father can call on the po-

lice and the magistrates to help

him, he is a favorite in this mat-

rimonial handicap, unless the runaways

have secured several laps ahead on

the road.

The Chicago Tribune says that as

a result of one of these affairs Mrs.

Borngesser is applying to the

court in St. Louis to get her hus-

band back. Father caught up this

girl a little late, but in time to

stop the separation. The marriage

ceremony had taken place, but he

arrested his son by the coat and

told him off, despite the tears

of his newly-wedded wife.

Jessie cried, but Harry, her hus-

band, was taken back home and

locked up in his room. That was

a direful plight for a new husband,

and Harry could not mend matters.

He was brought in to him and

told he was read through the key

hole. He stormed and threatened,

but it did not do any good.

Meanwhile his wife was endeavoring

to get him out. She appealed to a law-

yer, who decided that writ of habeas

corpus would solve the problem, and

Judge McDonald took a hand in the

matter. He summoned the father

to appear before him and show

why a writ should not be

granted, and his son restored to lib-

erty and Jessie. It is probable that

Jessie will win out.

In St. Joseph, Mo., a runaway

match was spoiled after all the plans

had succeeded up to the point of get-

ting the license. Arthur Stillwell and Agnes

Ryan had planned to marry without

parental consent, since that could

not be secured. They were the chil-

dren of farmers living to the south of

St. Joseph.

Agnes put on her wraps one even-

ing, and announced that she intend-

ed to visit a friend. She did, but

the friend her parents thought

she was going to see. She met Still-

well, and they set out for an all-

night drive to St. Joseph. It hap-

pened that a couple of hours after

leaving home her father decided to

walk to the neighbor's house and

talking his daughter back with him

when he returned.

Sold by all Newsdealers

J.W. PEPPER

Music

Magazine

Furnishes Monthly to all lovers of Music a

vast volume of New, Choice Copyright

Compositions by the most popular authors

64 Pages of Piano Music

10 Songs, 11 Instrumental

21 Complete Pieces for Piano

and 22 Pages of Musical Literature

Once a Month for 25 Cents.

Yearly Subscription, \$2.00.

Six Months, \$1.00.

In one year you get nearly 600 Pages of Music,

comprising 252 Complete Pieces for the Piano.

If bought in any music store at one-half off,

it would cost \$6.00. If you will send us the name

and address of five performers on the Piano

or Organ, we will send you a sample copy free.

J. W. PEPPER, Publisher,

Eight & Locust Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

Tutt's Pills

The dyspeptic, the debilitated, whether

from excess of work, of mind or

body, drink or exposure to

Malarial Regions,

will find Tutt's Pills the most genial

restorative ever offered the suffering

invalid.

Try Them Fairly.

A vigorous body, pure blood, strong

nerves and a cheerful mind will result.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Your Face

We are wreathed with a most engaging

smile, at every invest in a

White Sewing Machine

EQUIPPED WITH ITS NEW

PINCH TENSION,

INSEAM INDICATOR

AND

TENSION RELEASE,

The most complete and useful device ever

added to any sewing machine.

The WHITE is

Durable and Handsomely Built.

For Fine Finish and Perfect Adjustment.

Saves ALL Sewable Articles.

And will serve and please you up to the last

day of your expectations.

ACTIVE DEALERS WANTED in un-

served territory. Liberal terms. Address:

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.,

CLEVELAND, O.

WILBUR F. NASH

500 CENTRE MARKET,

Hams, Bacon, Lard.

DRIED AND CHIPPED BEEF,

COOKED HAMS, TONGUES

BRANCHES:

169 Centre Market,

94 & 95 O St. Market,

Residence, 122 M St. N.W.

STYLISH, RELIABLE

ARTISTIC

Recommended by Leading

Dressmakers

They Always Please.

McCALL'S

BAZAR

PATTERNS

NONE BETTER AT ANY PRICE

These patterns are sold in nearly

every city and town in the United States.

If your dealer does not keep them send

us a card. One cent stamp required.

Address your nearest post.

THE McCALL COMPANY,

122 to 142 W. 14th Street, New York

BRANCH OFFICES:

109 Fifth Ave., Chicago, and

1021 Market St., San Francisco.

McCALL'S

MAGAZINE

Bright

Color

100 Published

in Colored Plates

at Patterns, Fab-

rics, etc.

It is a magazine for a little

and a little more.

Only \$5.00 per year.

Address THE McCALL CO.,

122 to 142 W. 14th St., New York

FINE

GUNS

DAILY HAMMERLESS.

HAMMATT HAMMERLESS.

PIPPER BREECH LOADERS.

Send the Catalogue of Specialties.

SCHOENLING, BAKER & CO.,

24 and 26 Chambers Street, New York.

HOUSE & HERRMAN,

THE LARGE INSTALLMENT HOUSE In the CITY

Now is the time to FURNISH YOUR HOUSE.
Carpet your Floors and LIVE Comfortably.Only First-Class stores keep first class goods and sold by first class clerks. no matter how large your Purchases are, immediate delivery is made o any part of the city and county
Call at once.

Northeast Corner 7th ND "I" N. W.

Name THE BEE when you call.

E Have a Bar'l

of money to loan on furniture
pianos, etc. No delay. Good
are not disturbed. You return
the money in small payments
If you have a loan and need
more money we can fix your
Business confidential
Phone M 3424.

Surety Loan Co.

1211 Bldg. cor. 5th and 6th

72 PIECES OF
NEW SHEET MUSIC
FREE

Choose to Join a Club That Will
Save You Money and Give You Fun.

Everybody should join the Mutual Literary Mu-
sic Club of America. There is nothing else like it
anywhere. It costs almost nothing to join and the
benefits it gives are wonderful. It enables you to
purchase books and periodicals, music and musical
instruments at special cut prices. It secures re-
duced rates at many hotels. It answers questions
free of charge. It offers scholarships and valua-
ble cash prizes to members. It maintains club
rooms in many cities for its members. In addition,
every member receives the official magazine enti-
tled "The Literary Music Club" a publication in a class by
itself, including pieces of high-class vocal and in-
strumental music (full size each month without
extra charge). 72 pieces in one year in all. YOU
CAN GET ALL OF THESE BENEFITS FOR AL-
MOST NOTHING.

The full yearly membership fee is One Dollar for
which you get all above, and you may with-
draw any time within three months if you
want to do so and get your dollar back. If you
want to remain a member, you must pay the full
yearly membership fee. Nobody can afford to pass
this up. You will get your money back in
value many times over. Full particulars will be
sent free of charge, but if you are wise you will
send in your request for membership with the
proper fee at once. The \$1.00 fee, three months mem-
bership offer will soon change. Write at once ad-
dressing your letter and enclosing \$1.00 for full
year's membership or twenty-five cents for three
months to:

MUTUAL LITERARY MUSIC CLUB
No. 1260 N. 1st St., N. Y. City.

DR GZARRA

The Well known German Specialist
417 Sixth St. N. W.

10 years permanently located in Wash-
ington City. His success in treating
the old and so-called incurable cases
is acknowledged by the public and pro-
fession. See testimonials at his office.

RUPTURE permanently cured, with
out pain or loss of time. XRAY for
examination and treatment CURES
cancer, impotency, stricture, varicocele,
hydrocele, skin, blood poison, syphilis
and private disease quickly for lifetime
consultation free. Office hours—From
10 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 9 p. m.



Cures diseases of men and women. Rupture
cured without pain or loss of time. Nervous
Debility, Stricture, Prostatic Troubles, Varico-
cele, Skin and Blood Poison, Contracted Diseases
Rheumatism, Uterine and Ovarian Troubles,
Bladder and Kidney Troubles. Medicines fur-
nished.

Private waiting rooms for ladies and gentle-
men. We make no charge for friendly talk or
correspondence—everything strictly confidential.
We will use you honestly; treat you skillfully
and restore you to health in the shortest space
of time, with the least medicine, discomfort and
expense practicable!

PERSONAL.

Colored bachelor age 27 with \$700
desires to meet colored lady, effect
matrimony.

C. H. this office.

A NEW BOOK.

A valuable as well as an interesting
work is "Pharaoh's Decision in the ac-
tion of wrong vs. right" by I. Leonard
Henson.

This book is the answer in legal form
and character to a work entitled "An
Appeal to Pharaoh" written by an "un-
known" and in the consideration of and
decision made on the twelve (12) as-
signments of error, viz: 1st A Sectional
union; 2d The Divisional lines; 3d
The Continuing cause; 4th A Race
Question; 5th The Negro's condition
and Position; 6th Race Prejudice North
and South; 7th Trilemma; 8th Radical
Solution; 9th Reckonings of Numbers;
10th Reckonings of Cost; 11th Will he
20? 12th Our Duty, is supported by the
U. S. Supreme Court decisions, by the
facts found in the Federalist, Madis-
on's Papers, Jefferson's Works, Source
Book of American History, the United
States Constitution itself, and statistics
as furnished by the Richmond Planet.
The Chicago Tribune and the twelfth
century. There is much in it of histor-
ical fact, much about existing condi-
tion, and much in aid of a true con-
ception of the Negro's powers and pos-
sibilities.

Price \$1.25—Agents wanted—Libera-
l commission. Write,
I. Leonard Henson,
1524—5th St. N. W., Wash., D. C.

Why Throw Away Forty Dollars

By Paying \$100 for a Typewriter when you can get the NEW MODEL

Wellington Typewriter

AT SIXTY DOLLARS?



The Best and have our Unqualified indorsement—

Used by W. Calvin Chace, I. L. Walton and others.

509 Eleventh St., N. W.

MASONIC HALL

Special Reduction for the Months

JUNE, JULY, AND AUGUST

WILL THIS HELP YOUR SOCIETY OR CHURCH. THE NEW
MASONIC TEMPLE HALL.

1111 19th Street Northwest.

This new and handsome hall, modern improvements. Electric lights and
fans. Cool and airy. Will accommodate Churches, Sabbath Schools, Societies
during the summer months at reduced rates. Rent of Hall from 8 p. m. until
12:30 a. m. for \$7.25. Private parties, suppers, wedding banquets or dances
can make special summer contracts by applying

Alfred H. T. Walker

Manager
1111 19th St. N.W.

RIDER AGENTS WANTED

In each town to take orders for our new High Grade

Guaranteed Bicycles.

New 1903 Models

"Bellise," Complete \$8.75

"Ossack," Guaranteed High Grade \$10.75

"Siberian," A Beauty \$12.75

"Neudorf," Road Racer \$14.75

no better bicycle at any price.

Any other make or model you want at one-third

usual price. Choice of any standard tires and best

equipment on all our bicycles. Strongest guarantee.

We SHIP ON APPROVAL C. O. D. to any one

without a cent deposit and allow 10 DAYS FREE

TRIAL before purchase is binding.

500 Second Hand Wheels \$3 to \$8

taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores.

all makes and models, good as new.

DO NOT BUY FACTORY PRICES AND FREE TRIAL OFFER.

Tires, equipment, sundries and sporting goods of all kinds, at half regular price.

in our big ready-made catalog. Contains a world of useful information. Write for it.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE CO., Chicago, Ill.

\$600 In Life

DON'T HAVE TO DIE TO BE IT.

—THE—

KNIGHTS AND LADIES OF INDUSTRY OF U

HERE'S A LITTLE



Pointer for You

BY MISS MAY CLEMATIS.

Annie. True friendship is a jewel.
 Ellen. Think well before you decide.
 Mami. Marriages are dangerous at this time.
 L. M. Don't believe all you hear.
 Lettie. Too much admiration has little meaning.
 Norah. It may be your dress and not yourself that is admired.
 Ethel. Some people dislike you because others do.
 Etta. Never doubt, neither question the honesty of your friends without just cause.
 Mami. A good name in man or woman is a jewel.
 Nellie. Be good to your friends. You cannot get them at all times.
 J. M. Don't never be disturbed when you are in the rights.
 Ollie. Our conscience sometimes betrays us. If you do what is right and your conscience is never disturbed.
 N. T. The aim in life of every one should be to do what is right.
 Ednor. Do whatever you promise and then you will never be misunderstood.
 Sadie. You should have confidence in some one. It is dangerous to be suspicious of your friends.
 R. M. Sedateness is a characteristic that is not found in every one.
 Ida. You should read more books and confine yourself to polite literature.
 N. R. You may have doubts as to the honesty of your friends and justly so no doubt. Do not come to a hasty conclusion by no means.
 Rachel. You have but a short time to decide. If you fail you can blame no one but yourself.
 R. I. Speak well of every one and you are bound to succeed. It is not wise to dislike one because others do.
 Dorah. You are admired for your ability. You cannot please every one.
 R. M. You should not do evil for evil. It is the envious person who will strike back.
 R. H. When you lose confidence in your friend, it is useless to attempt to convince him otherwise.
 N. T. R. The world is full of sinners. You ought to know that you cannot go through it without criticism.
 F. M. Think well of those who speak to you kindly. Be what you are and nothing more.
 Sis. Dress becomingly and never put a dress on that doesn't suit your complexion, while it may be becoming to you.
 Carrie. You cannot treat a friend as you would a stranger. A friend is needed a friend indeed.
 L. R. Be cheerful when ever you can. You ought not to show anger without a cause.
 R. R. Whenever you make a promise be sure and keep it. It is not wise to disappoint anyone.
 Girls are too careless.
 Do not allow dress its predominant part in mind.
 Be careful how you speak and to whom you speak.
 Familiarity is a dangerous weapon.
 Some people will mistake friendship for something else.
 Nothing will betray the ignorance of one quicker than too much laughing.
 Do not laugh at every utterance it is not becoming.
 If you cannot talk intelligently it is better to remain silent.
 Good manners show proper rearing.
 Every person who claims to be your friend cannot always be trusted.
 Never show that you are independent.
 If you appreciate true friendship endeavor to keep it.
 Do not allow others to talk about your companion.
 Be a good listener always, you may learn something.
 Do not tell stories to your friends or those who have confidence in you.
 Momentary friendship does not last.
 Don't tell all you know to appear wise. You convince who previously had a good opinion of you that you have lost something.
 Tight shoes are dangerous to the feet.
 Smoking in your company should not be permitted.
 Music is an accomplishment that the young lady should be without. She should be able to do other things as well.
 A. You should never make promises that you have no idea of keeping. You should know your own mind. You talk too much and tell too much of your business.

ANGER RESTORED SPEECH.

A Remarkable Recovery from Paralysis Reported from a Little Town in Montana.

A man's remarkable recovery of his voice is the all-absorbing topic at Basin, a small mining town halfway between Helena and Butte.
 John Matt, for many years an employe of the Great Northern railroad, was stricken with paralysis more than 15 months ago. When he was able to walk again he found to his sorrow that he could not utter a word, although he could hear distinctly. About two weeks ago he was taken ill and confined to his bed. For several days he hovered between life and death.
 One afternoon several friends called, and while they were present



RECOVERED HIS VOICE.

the doctor came upon the scene. Matt was in a semi-stupor and seemed unable to recognize even his most intimate friends and relatives. The condition of his health was discussed and the visitors were unanimous in expressing the belief that death was inevitable.

When Matt heard this he rose from his pillow as if by magic and exclaimed in terms far more forcible than elegant that he was not a dead man, nor did he intend to die. Then, suddenly realizing that he had recovered his voice, he apologized profusely for the abuse he had heaped upon his physician and friends and became fervent in his thanks for their presence.

"Had you not come," said he, "and made me angry I do not believe I would have recovered my voice."
 From that moment his recovery has been rapid, and in a few days he will resume his old place with James J. Hill's railroad.

TREAT FOR A CORPSE.

Hoboken (N. J.) Cigar Maker Carries Out a Weird Compact at Funeral of a Woman.

Mrs. Sophie Van der Hoven had worked for years as a stripper in a cigar factory of Mayor Lankering, of Hoboken, N. J. As a member of the Cigarmakers' union she left \$100 in the custody of Louis Cohen to use it in entertaining the members of the union at her funeral.

The funeral was held the other afternoon in a hall in the rear of a saloon in Hoboken. After every one had taken a look at the corpse the folding doors which separate the hall from the saloon were thrown open and two men appeared with a keg of beer for the



"WELL, I'LL DRINK IT MYSELF," mourners. When the keg was emptied John Jensen proceeded to address the mourners:
 "You must know that I myself was very near dying some few weeks ago. We had a drink of kummel together, and I was feeling so blue that I remarked that it would probably be the last I should ever take. She counted the idea and said that I'd be drinking kummel when she would be dead.
 "Her good humor so cheered me that I willingly consented to enter a compact she proposed. The compact was simply this: The one who lived longest would offer to give the other's corpse a glass of our favorite drink. Friends, I'm going to do that now."
 Jensen approached the corpse with a glass of kummel in his hand.
 "Auntie," he said, standing over the coffin, "it's my treat; have a drink. No answer, auntie? Well, I'll drink it myself."
 He tossed the drink off, and the service proceeded in conventional fashion, prayers for the dead being offered by the officers of the union.
 Wood Pulp Yarn.
 Yarn from wood pulp is now an article of commerce in Germany.

AN EIGHT DAY GAME.

German Professor Played Steadily During That Period.

Then He Went to Bed and Slept Thirty-Six Hours—Heroic Cure for Insomnia—A Protracted Game of Poker.

Every man probably has told or has heard fabulous stories of poker playing. The narrative of how Brown and Smith sat down to a quiet little game with Black and Jones at eight o'clock Wednesday evening and how they ordered Swiss cheese sandwiches at midnight, black coffee at five a. m. Thursday morning, and adjourned at noon with Smith \$1.38 ahead has been told many times with many variations.

Sometimes Brown, Smith & Co. make a couple of days and nights of it, and a larger sum goes through the clearing house. Every one knows the type of story which is told to illustrate this desperate life. Well, here is the "Munchausen" version of it:
 Prof. Heinrich Gerhauser, of Berlin—It will be necessary to send to Berlin for the affidavits if required—had been troubled with insomnia. He could not sleep, no matter how much he tried. At an evil moment—for the professor's family—some authority told him that what he should do was to sit down to a quiet game of cribbage and play until he tired himself out.

The professor was willing. One Tuesday evening, just after tea, he put on his slippers and smoking jacket and sat down to a game with his wife. Frau Gerhauser lasted until midnight, and then she dropped to sleep in her chair. The professor's eldest son took her hand and continued the game until his younger brother woke up in the morning. Then the brother jumped into the breach and the game continued. Meanwhile Frau Gerhauser had slept and was ready for the fray again. She "sat in" until noon and then a man friend dropped in and was pressed into service. He lasted until six o'clock, when one of the servants took the chair.

Then the eldest son tried it for a few hours, and the rest of the family, be-



BEGINNING OF THE GAME.

ginning to realize that this was no ordinary game, prepared a schedule of turns and divided the day up into "watches."

For seven days and nights Herr Professor sat and played—cribbage before he felt the first sensations of sleep creeping over him.

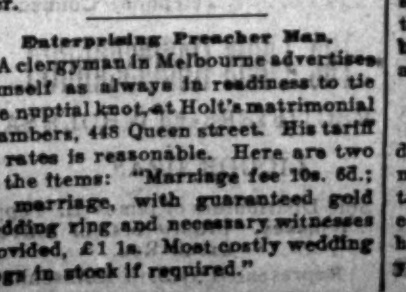
That was on Tuesday, just a week from the time he had sat down to the game. He was afraid to trust the first symptoms, and so he decided to take another day and night.

After playing steadily for eight days and nights he felt positive that he was sleepy. At ten o'clock Wednesday night he threw down the cards and said he thought he would go to bed. He slept for 36 hours, almost breaking another record.

The same authority that gives this story to the world hands out another. It will not be necessary to go farther than New York for affidavits in this case:
 Early in the year, however, two professionals sat down to play in a New York club at ten o'clock one Wednesday evening at a quiet game of poker. They did not play for high stakes, and when ten o'clock the following morning struck the amount of money lost and won was about even. They had then been playing for 12 hours, but neither expressing any fatigue the game continued uninterrupted until ten o'clock on Thursday night. One of them, Frost, had then lost about \$200, and as he desired to make good some of his losses play was continued all that night, until once more the hour of ten a. m. chimed forth. Both players were apparently as fresh as ever, and as Frost had begun to reconquer himself it was magnanimously suggested by the other, Richards, that the game should continue.

Neither had had anything to eat with the exception of a few sandwiches, though each had consumed four bottles of whisky and 12 siphons of Vichy water. At ten o'clock on Friday night Frost had managed to win \$120, and as the game had then been running for 48 hours it was proposed by the loser that an adjournment should be made, an offer which was gratefully accepted by his partner.

Enterprising Preacher Man.
 A clergyman in Melbourne advertised himself as always in readiness to tie the nuptial knot at Holt's matrimonial chambers, 448 Queen street. His tariff of rates is reasonable. Here are two of the items: "Marriage fee 10s. 6d.; or marriage, with guaranteed good wedding ring and necessary witnesses provided, £1 1s. Most costly wedding rings in stock if required."



CHARMING DOG STORY.

Food Carried to a Wounded Hound in the Woods by Two Devoted Canine Companions.

The intelligence of dogs was never better displayed than in a case which came to light this week at Greenville, N. H.

A little more than six weeks ago Louis Cameron lost a valuable hound. When last seen the animal was in company with Charles Rodier's dog Sport and a little fox terrier, and all three were making for the woods on a run. Mr. Cameron tried to find some traces of his hound, but finally decided that he had been shot or poisoned and gave up hopes of recovering him.

Immediately after the disappearance of the hound Sport began to leave his



SPORT LEAVES THE HOUSE.

master's house regularly every morning, returning each evening. Mr. Rodier tried to follow the dog, being curious to know what took him into the woods so much with the fox terrier. He supposed the two dogs went hunting together, but failed to find any evidences of their having done so.

Last Sunday, as Charles Newton was walking down the Wilton road, he saw Sport and the fox terrier sitting beside the road, looking into the bushes. To his great surprise both dogs growled savagely at him, although he had always petted them.

Walking past the pair slowly, Mr. Newton spied the lost hound crouching in the bushes. The hound was a pitiable sight. One of his hind legs was gone and all the toes were missing from one fore foot. The tail had been cut off short and a long, freshly healed scar showed where his head had been torn open. One eye was also gone. The wounds were fairly well healed, and Mr. Newton concluded that the Cameron hound was bound for home, being assisted by Sport and the fox terrier.

Appearances indicated that the hound had been run over by a train, and the regular disappearance of Sport and the terrier proves beyond a doubt that they carried him food and cared for him during the six weeks that he lay wounded in the woods.

OPEN-WORK HOSIERY.

Chicago Woman Loses All the Money Her Mother Had Through Hole in Her Stocking.

If you carry money in your stocking, be sure that it is not of the open work kind, otherwise you may have cause to regret the loss of the money and damage to the stockings. Such has been the experience of Mrs. James M. Strong, 4160 Ellis avenue, Chicago, who Thursday afternoon, on the way to the



THE MONEY WAS GONE.

bank, lost \$300 belonging to her mother, Mrs. Mary Burgess.

Mrs. Burgess, who has a room at the Mildred hotel, Sixty-first street and Cottage Grove avenue, gave the money to her daughter, to deposit in the Central Trust company bank. Mrs. Strong placed the bills in her stocking and went first to her sister's at 703 East Sixty-third street, and from there downtown by the alley "L." When she got to the bank the money was gone and a hole in the open work stocking told how it had departed.

Peonish Indian Tradition.
 In some districts of India the eastern parts of cemeteries are considered the most desirable. The choice is based on the belief that the dead in the eastern sections will be first to bounce from their graves, brush the dust from their bones, and proclaim their readiness to ascend.

Fat Policemen Not Wanted.
 A fat policeman is rarely seen in London. When one becomes so stout as to make it a labor to run he is expected to train down to a graceful shape. No candidate is accepted on the force after he is 27, and he must resign after 30 years' service.

-Hair Restorer.

All who are desirous of having a beautiful suit of hair, or if your hair is falling out, you should get a bottle of Hairoline, better known as the Renowned Hair Restorer Oriental Complexion Cream. It cures all skin diseases and makes the skin like velvet. Price, 25c to 75c per bottle.

Treatment of the Skin and Scalp.

STRAIGHTENING A SPECIALTY.

All kinds of implements and toilet articles for sale.

1304 4th Street Northwest.

Agency at THE BEE Office.

J. B. Babney,

Funeral Director

Hiring, Livery and Sale Stable carriages hired for funerals, ties, balls, receptions, etc.

Horses and carriages kept in first-class style and satisfaction guaranteed. Business at 1132 3rd Street, N. W. Main Office Branch at 222 Alfred Street, Alexandria, Va.

Telephone for Office Main 1727 Telephone call for Stable Main 1482-5.

Our Stables, in Freeman's Alley

Where I can accommodate fifty horses. Call and inspect our new and modern caskets and investigate our methods of doing first-class work.

1132 3rd St. N. W.
 J. B. DABNEY,
 Proprietor.

BRAVE MOUNTAIN GIRL.

Miss Kellogg's Wild Ride on the Back of an Elk and Her Almost Miraculous Escape.

Among the applicants for the position of game warden for Routt and Rio Blanco counties, in Colorado, is Miss Emma Kellogg, a young woman of nerve who boasts many an adventure.

The most thrilling experience of which she tells is a wild ride on the back of an elk. While out in the hills one day she came suddenly on an angry bull elk. She had leaned her gun against a tree, and before she could get it the elk was upon her.

She took refuge in a sapling and tried to hold the animal's antlers



ANGRY BULL APPROACHED.

around it, but her strength was not sufficient and the elk broke away. Miss Kellogg took advantage of a moment's respite to climb a tree and sat on the first limb. This angered the elk more than ever, and he gave the tree such a bump that Miss Kellogg fell off.

She would have been stamped to death by the animal's sharp hoofs had it not been that luckily she fell on the elk's back. Then, with great presence of mind, she grasped the antlers and held on for dear life.

Away they went, the crazed animal dashing through the trees with the velocity of an express train. Up hills and across valleys the animal sped, jumping over the rocks with tremendous leaps that almost unseated the frightened rider.

The elk darted through some thick brush where overhanging branches came low down in order to brush the rider off. But the terrified animal miscalculated about its antlers and got caught in the branches. It struggled and struggled, but could not get loose, and it was but the work of a moment for the intrepid mountain girl to kill the captive animal by cutting its throat with her hunting knife.

A Good Thing for Heaven.
 The late Dr. Parker, of London, was arguing with a man on the problem of continued existence, and as Mr. Parker was at the door the friend finally declared: "The fact is, I am an annihilationalist. I believe that when I die that will be the end of me." Thank God for that! declared the doctor, and hanged the door.

IF YOU WANT A PLACE



THE WASHINGTON BEE.

HOTEL Clyde.

475 Missouri Av. N W
 FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

BOARD AND LODGING

MRS. ALICE E. HALL, Prop'r.

Goto

HOLME'S Hotel

333 Va. Ave., S. W. For The Best Afro-American Accommodation in the District.

—European and American Plan—
 Bar Stocked with fine Wines, Imported Brandy, and pure old Rye Whiskey.

Best Line Cigars Good Room
 5 & 10c
 Lodging 50c, 75c & \$1.00 Comfortably heated by steam.

Give us a Call—
 JAMES OTTOWAY HOLMES Prop'r

Washington, D. C.

THE PEOPLE'S FARMERS & MERCHANTS

Boarding and Lodging Hotel

BY MRS. R. A. WHITE.

106 Harrison St., Petersburg, Va.

Meals at All Hours

Come one; come all.

Marlin

32 Cal. High-Pressure Smokeless
 IN MODEL 1893

We are prepared to furnish our full line of Model 1893 rifles, solid and hollow-point, for the new .32 Caliber WINCHESTER 230, 240, 250, 260, 270, 280, 290, 300, 310, 320, 330, 340, 350, 360, 370, 380, 390, 400, 410, 420, 430, 440, 450, 460, 470, 480, 490, 500, 510, 520, 530, 540, 550, 560, 570, 580, 590, 600, 610, 620, 630, 640, 650, 660, 670, 680, 690, 700, 710, 720, 730, 740, 750, 760, 770, 780, 790, 800, 810, 820, 830, 840, 850, 860, 870, 880, 890, 900, 910, 920, 930, 940, 950, 960, 970, 980, 990, 1000, 1010, 1020, 1030, 1040, 1050, 1060, 1070, 1080, 1090, 1100, 1110, 1120, 1130, 1140, 1150, 1160, 1170, 1180, 1190, 1200, 1210, 1220, 1230, 1240, 1250, 1260, 1270, 1280, 1290, 1300, 1310, 1320, 1330, 1340, 1350, 1360, 1370, 1380, 1390, 1400, 1410, 1420, 1430, 1440, 1450, 1460, 1470, 1480, 1490, 1500, 1510, 1520, 1530, 1540, 1550, 1560, 1570, 1580, 1590, 1600, 1610, 1620, 1630, 1640, 1650, 1660, 1670, 1680, 1690, 1700, 1710, 1720, 1730, 1740, 1750, 1760, 1770, 1780, 1790, 1800, 1810, 1820, 1830, 1840, 1850, 1860, 1870, 1880, 1890, 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930, 1940, 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000, 2010, 2020, 2030, 2040, 2050, 2060, 2070, 2080, 2090, 2100, 2110, 2120, 2130, 2140, 2150, 2160, 2170, 2180, 2190, 2200, 2210, 2220, 2230, 2240, 2250, 2260, 2270, 2280, 2290, 2300, 2310, 2320, 2330, 2340, 2350, 2360, 2370, 2380, 2390, 2400, 2410, 2420, 2430, 2440, 2450, 2460, 2470, 2480, 2490, 2500, 2510, 2520, 2530, 2540, 2550, 2560, 2570, 2580, 2590, 2600, 2610, 2620, 2630, 2640, 2650, 2660, 2670, 2680, 2690, 2700, 2710, 2720, 2730, 2740, 2750, 2760, 2770, 2780, 2790, 2800, 2810, 2820, 2830, 2840, 2850, 2860, 2870, 2880, 2890, 2900, 2910, 2920, 2930, 2940, 2950, 2960, 2970, 2980, 2990, 3000, 3010, 3020, 3030, 3040, 3050, 3060, 3070, 3080, 3090, 3100, 3110, 3120, 3130, 3140, 3150, 3160, 3170, 3180, 3190, 3200, 3210, 3220, 3230, 3240, 3250, 3260, 3270, 3280, 3290, 3300, 3310, 3320, 3330, 3340, 3350, 3360, 3370, 3380, 3390, 3400, 3410, 3420, 3430, 3440, 3450, 3460, 3470, 3480, 3490, 3500, 3510, 3520, 3530, 3540, 3550, 3560, 3570, 3580, 3590, 3600, 3610, 3620, 3630, 3640, 3650, 3660, 3670, 3680, 3690, 3700, 3710, 3720, 3730, 3740, 3750, 3760, 3770, 3780, 3790, 3800, 3810, 3820, 3830, 3840, 3850, 3860, 3870, 3880, 3890, 3900, 3910, 3920, 3930, 3940, 3950, 3960, 3970, 3980, 3990, 4000, 4010, 4020, 4030, 4040, 4050, 4060, 4070, 4080, 4090, 4100, 4110, 4120, 4130, 4140, 4150, 4160, 4170, 4180, 4190, 4200, 4210, 4220, 4230, 4240, 4250, 4260, 4270, 4280, 4290, 4300, 4310, 4320, 4330, 4340, 4350, 4360, 4370, 4380, 4390, 4400, 4410, 4420, 4430, 4440, 4450, 4460, 4470, 4480, 4490, 4500, 4510, 4520, 4530, 4540, 4550, 4560, 4570, 4580, 4590, 4600, 4610, 4620, 4630, 4640, 4650, 4660, 4670, 4680, 4690, 4700, 4710, 4720, 4730, 4740, 4750, 4760, 4770, 4780, 4790, 4800, 4810, 4820, 4830, 4840, 4850, 4860, 4870, 4880, 4890, 4900, 4910, 4920, 4930, 4940, 4950, 4960, 4970, 4980, 4990, 5000, 5010, 5020, 5030, 5040, 5050, 5060, 5070, 5080, 5090, 5100, 5110, 5120, 5130, 5140, 5150, 5160, 5170, 5180, 5190, 5200, 5210, 5220, 5230, 5240, 5250, 5260, 5270, 5280, 5290, 5300, 5310, 5320, 5330, 5340, 5350, 5360, 5370, 5380, 5390, 5400, 5410, 5420, 5430, 5440, 5450, 5460, 5470, 5480, 5490, 5500, 5510, 5520, 5530, 5540, 5550, 5560, 5570, 5580, 5590, 5600, 5610, 5620, 5630, 5640, 5650, 5660, 5670, 5680, 5690, 5700, 5710, 5720, 5730, 5740, 5750, 5760, 5770, 5780, 5790, 5800, 5810, 5820, 5830, 5840, 5850, 5860, 5870, 5880, 5890, 5900, 5910, 5920, 5930, 5940, 5950, 5960, 5970, 5980, 5990, 6000, 6010, 6020, 6030, 6040, 6050, 6060, 6070, 6080, 6090, 6100, 6110, 6120, 6130, 6140, 6150, 6160, 6170, 6180, 6190, 6200, 6210, 6220, 6230, 6240, 6250, 6260, 6270, 6280, 6290, 6300, 6310, 6320, 6330, 6340, 6350, 6360, 6370, 6380, 6390, 6400, 6410, 6420, 6430, 6440, 6450, 6460, 6470, 6480, 6490, 6500, 6510, 6520, 6530, 6540, 6550, 6560, 6570, 6580, 6590, 6600, 6610, 6620, 6630, 6640, 6650, 6660, 6670, 6680, 6690, 6700, 6710, 6720, 6730, 6740, 6750, 6760, 6770, 6780, 6790, 6800, 6810, 6820, 6830, 6840, 6850, 6860, 6870, 6880, 6890, 6900, 6910, 6920, 6930, 6940, 6950, 6960, 6970, 6980, 6990, 7000, 7010, 7020, 7030, 7040, 7050, 7060, 707

Lawyer W. C. Martin went to Alexandria Court House Wednesday last to take depositions before Commissioner Lyon in the case of Branch vs. Branch. Mr. Martin appears for the plaintiff in the Circuit Court of Alexandria County.

The Baptist Women's Home Missionary and Educational Association held their first grand convention at Shiloh Baptist Church Tuesday May 12. There were delegates to represent each Church of the District. Short addresses were made by Revs. J. A. Taylor, W. H. Brooks, Bishop Johnson and Miss Nellie Borroughs. Mrs. Rosetta Lawson presided.

The Suffrage Convention.

A call of the New England voters has been issued for Wednesday June 3 for the purpose of electing delegates to the Suffrage Convention which is to meet in Louisville, Ky., July 1, 1903, for the purpose of considering the disfranchisement of the negro in the South. All lovers of liberty should elect delegates to the Louisville, Ky. Suffrage Convention. For full particulars address James H. Hayes, 115 W 27th street New York City.

Celebrated His Birthday.

Thirty-seven years ago May 12th, in Chatham, Canada, a son was presented by his wife to the Rev. G. W. Brodie well known as one of the most beloved and eminent divines of the A. M. E. connection of Methodists and for many years pastor of Union Bethel A. M. E. church in this city now known as the Metropolitan on M street bet. 19th and 10th streets N. W. That son was christened Howard Brodie, and is married now and lives in a cozy 8 room cottage of his own in the beautiful suburb of Washington known as Kamearth where, on last Tuesday night, assisted by his amiable wife and venerable mother, he celebrated his 37th natal day by giving a birthday party to a number of friends both old and young. Among the many who graced him with their presence in his new home and united in a joyous celebration of his 37th anniversary by contributions of music expressive of their feelings and short speeches wishing the host many happy returns of the day, some of them bringing much more substantial evidence of their regard in the shape of pictures, books and flowers, were: Mrs. Joseph Brooks, Mr. Frederick Brooks, Mrs. Boston, Mr. and Mrs. Simms, Mr. and Mrs. Curry, the Misses Jennie and Lula Brews, daughters of the late Bishop Brooks, Mrs. Keeling, Mrs. Weaver, Mrs. Gordon, Miss Frazier of Selma, Ala., Miss Hutchinson of Barnesville, Md., Mr. Samuel Thompson, Rev. Rivers, pastor Berean Baptist church, Dr. W. Bruce Evans, principal of Armstrong Manual Training School, Mrs. Bishop Brown and Mrs. Gaskins sent baskets of flowers, Mr. and Mrs. Simms a lovely pair of wall pictures, the doilies were of beautiful design and were the gift and handiwork of Mrs. Howard Brodie. A cake made by Mrs. Simms and presented by her, Brodie was the perfection of the confectioner's art, and served as a centerpiece for the table being illuminated by 27 candles symbolic of the 37 years of Mr. Howard Brodie's life.

At the proper time the company was invited to the dining room and a delightful repast which all present enjoyed with very good appetites. Mr. Frederick Brooks acted as master of ceremonies and, after dinner, announced the speakers and singers of the evening. Those who spoke were Rev. Rivers, Messrs Thompson, F. Brooks, Simms and Brodie. All the ladies present united in the singing which closed a very pleasant evening for all who were present.

SECRET ORDERS.

J. E. Williams, M. D. of Eureka Grand Lodge, Prince Hall compact has been appointed National District Deputy Grand Master.

J. F. Johnson of the Post Office has been appointed District Deputy Grand Master of Prince Hall compact.

BAD BOY ON A FARM.

Makes Experiments with Incubator and Some Gamecocks.

New His Uncle Thinks the Kid Wasn't Around When They Were Passing Out Brains and Common Sense.

There is a farmer up in Westchester county, N. Y., who wishes that there wasn't any such member of the human family as the nephew who is so bad that he can't be kept in a boarding school and has to be sent to the country to learn how to behave himself. He has just such a nephew stopping with him.

This particular farmer makes a specialty of raising very fine chickens, more for his own amusement than anything else, and along with them he keeps a few gamecocks. Of course, the gamecocks are for his amusement, too, but that's another matter altogether.

"Yes, I have some gamecocks," he said the other day to a New York Sun reporter. "What is more, everybody in the whole town knows it now. It all came about through that young fellow. He isn't so very young, either—guess he turned 16 along with turning tricks on his poor old relatives."

"When he learned that I was mighty fond of my hens and chickens, he said he'd like to help me take care of them. I began right away to fear the worst, and I hit the nail on the head that time, too."

"Nothing would do but he had to take a hand in running the incubator. I had about 300 of the finest half game and half Plymouth Rock eggs in the machine the other day that were laid by any hens on earth. I wouldn't have taken \$1,000 for the lot."

"Well, I go away one day to see a friend, and the young cub he invites some of his young rascal friends around to see how my incubator works. Somehow he got the idea that the eggs were not hatching out fast enough, so what does he do but turn on the heat full blast to see what would happen."

"Well, nothing happened that he could see, and pretty soon he got tired waiting to see the chickens hop out."

"Guess I'll pinch one of the eggs," said he, "and see if I can't help one of the chickens out."

"He did, and of course the egg was as hard as a rock. Couldn't be anything else. All the rest of them were, too. The whole 300 were baked silly. And then he said he was sorry."

"I made him sorer, you can bet. But threatening doesn't do any more good."

"But you haven't heard the worst yet. You know what those gamecocks of mine are. There aren't any finer in the state."

"Well, we go to church the other Sunday, and, like the fools we were, we left him behind. It makes me hot now to think of me singing in church about all the good things while that young cuss was at home

wreaking devastation on my whole chicken yard.

"He went around and summoned all his cronies—a bad lot they are, too—to see some fun. Then what does he do but sneak out back and let every gamecock on the place into the big chicken yard."

"Oh, it must have been fine! You can imagine what those roosters did to the rest of the flock. Why, there were enough feathers on the ground when I got home from church to fill a dozen beds. And what young roosters as didn't have their poor little bodies all torn up were about as much use as a last year's bird nest."

"And then, when he saw that the young roosters were no match for those fighters of mine, he said he had a good idea. Imagine a good idea getting into that noddle of his! Well, he went and got my eight turkeys and fired them in with the roosters. Oh, those poor turkeys! They haven't got nerve enough yet to let a decent gobble out of their ripped-up necks."

"Uncle," says he, when I see the mess, 'you ought to have been here and see the fun! Gee, but can't those little gamecocks fight!'"

"Do you know anybody that wants a boy?"

Anything to Oblige.

Mr. Greatman—I wish you'd stop printing my portrait every time any little thing happens to me, or else get a new one. You've had that old plate in 17 times.

Editor—All right, my dear sir. Anything to oblige.

Assistant Foreman (a week later)—I can't find that picture of Sam, the sneak thief, anywhere.

Foreman—Well, dump in that old picture of Mr. Greatman. It ain't going to be used for him any more.—N. Y. Waikw

HOTEL CLYDE.

Sunday May 24th 1903, Bill of Fare.

Chicken Fricassee, Roast with Brown Potatoes
Roast Veal with Brown Soup.
Ham and Cabbage, Country Style.

AUNTREES

Rice Croquettes, Salmon Salad.

VEGETABLES

New Beets, New Potatoes, Green Peas, Asparagus, Young Onions.

DESSERTS

Strawberry Cakes, Ice-Cream, Pies

The Clyde Hotel is the best place in the city to get a first class meal.

HOUSE HUNTING?

Ever investigate the class of houses, ads. of which some times appear in the daily papers. "Will sell to a colored party?" They seldom come up to your ideals of a home. Will be pleased to submit my list of real homes upon your invitation. Several real bargains in the northwest, northeast and southeast, \$2,500 up. About \$200 cash generally required. Harvard, Kennesaw and Kenyon avenue, properties, if you wish, \$6,500 up.

Send me a postal, my services cost you nothing—the other fellow pays the eight. Real Estate Loans, Life Insurance.

John C. Keelan,

Broker's Representative,
245 Elm St., N. W.

PRINCIPAL CONVENTIONS TO BE HELD IN VARIOUS PORTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES FOR WHICH SPECIAL RATES WILL BE IN EFFECT VIA B & O RAILROAD.

Atlantic City, N. J.—Special Low Rate Excursions. Dates to be announced later.

Baltimore, Md.—20th Triennial National Saengerfest of the Northeastern Saengerbund, June 15-20. Tickets on sale June 13th to 15th, good returning until June 22nd, inclusive.

Baltimore, Md.—Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, July 21-23. Tickets on sale July 19th and 20th, good returning until July 25th, inclusive.

Baltimore, Md.—Seventy-Ninth Annual Session of the Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., September 21-26. Tickets on sale September 19th, 20th and 21st, good returning until September 28th, inclusive.

Boston, Mass.—National Educational Association, July 6-10. Tickets on sale July 3rd to 6th, good returning until July 12th, inclusive.

Denver, Colo.—Christian Endeavor Society, July 9-13. Dates of sale announced later.

Detroit, Mich.—Epworth League, International Convention, July 16-19. Tickets on sale July 14th and 15th, good returning until July 20th, inclusive.

Los Angeles, Cal.—General Assembly Presbyterian Church in the U. S. A., May 21-June 2. Tickets on sale May 2nd and 11th to 17th, good returning until July 15th, inclusive.

St. Louis, Mo.—Dedication Ceremonies, Louisiana Purchase Exposition, April 30-May 2. Tickets on sale April 26th to 29th, good returning until May 4th, inclusive.

San Francisco, Cal.—National Association Master Plumbers of U. S. A., May 19-22. Tickets on sale May 2nd and 11th to 17th, good returning until July 15th, inclusive.

San Francisco, Cal.—Grand Army of the Republic, August 17-22. Tickets on sale August 4th to 13th, good returning until October 15th.

Saratoga, N. Y.—Imperial Council, Ancient Arabic Order Mystic Shrine, July 7-10. Tickets on sale July 6th and 7th, good returning until July 20th inclusive.

LEGAL NOTICE.

W. C. Martin, Attorney.

Supreme Court of the District of Columbia.

Holding a Probate Court.

No. 11,354, Administration.

HOLDING A PROBATE COURT.

This is to give notice:

That the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, letters testamentary on the estate of Lewis York late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers therefor, legally authenticated to the subscriber, on or before the 18th day of April, A.D. 1904, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 18th day of April 1903. Thomas Linney 407 Franklin St. N. W.

John R. Rouzer
deputy Register of Will & for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

MOST WORSHIPFUL EUREKA GRAND

Lodge of F. & A. Ancient York Masons in and for the District of Columbia on the Continent of North America.

Prince Hall (compact) has just closed a long and important session and starts out very favorable for the new year. Visiting brothers are respectfully requested to call on the Grand Master, Col. R. D. Goodman 917 4th street N. W. for information about the craft. Please bring financial card of your Lodge.

J. E. Williams, M. D.

M. W. Grand Sect.

106 F St., S. W.

For Sale.

At Somerset Beach Va., a pretty three room cottage directly on the Beach front. Well of water on premises. Suitable for any business; will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Address owner, 918th St., N. W.

O. K. MARKET

I. BURKA, Prop.

[Formerly Shenny's Mkt.]

Out Prices

Fresh Meats of all kinds. Goods promptly delivered

Cor. 4th and Q Sts. N. W.

J. C. THORNTON

....First Class....

Boot & Shoe Maker

Shoes Repaired in First Class Style.

J. C. THORNTON,

1338 20th Street Northwest.

Elegant Club Rye Whiskey

J. F. KEEN N

WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER

402 PENN. AVENUE, N. W.

Washington, D. C.

WANTED At this office, a good printer. Address The Bee 1109 I St., Northwest.

PETER GROGAN.

CREDIT FOR ALL WASHINGTON

Spring Styles

in Flatirings.

Go-carts, and

Baby Carriages

Are Ready

for Your

Selection,

and on

CREDIT

No Notes,

No Interest.

If there is a baby at your house, it should be out in the open air every one of these bright days. We will furnish the go-cart or carriage in the newest spring style, and you can pay for it a little at a time, weekly or monthly. The new Mattings are very handsome in pattern, and we tack them down free. No need of buying matting by the roll when we charge only for the actual number of yards necessary to cover your floors. small payments graded to suit your convenience.

Peter Grogan,

817, 819, 821, 823, 7th St. N. W.

Between H and I Sts.

FOR GOOD Health

Buy pure food that appeals to your appetite

Old Homestead and Grandma's

Br ads, baked by Boston Baking Co., fill the bill. There are the

Best Breads in Town

For Sale by your Grocer. Look for your label to be sure you are getting the genuine article, as our bread is imitated everywhere

BOSTON BAKING COMPANY

119-129 1st Street, Foot U. S. Capitol Grounds.

Established 1866

BURNSTINE LOAN OFFICE.

Gold and silver watches, diamonds jewelry, guns, mechanical tools, ladies and gentlemen's wearing apparel.

Old gold and silver bought
Unredeemed pledges for sale
361 Pennsylvania, Ave., N. W.

JOHN RICKLES' BUFFET

—ALL KINDS OF—

Wines, Liquors,

and Cigars.

Heurich's Beer 50¢ per bottle. Overholt Whiskey \$1.00 per Quart, 100¢ per drink.

Cor. 6th and C Streets Northwest.
Washington, D. C.

THE NEW YORK CLIPPER

Contains a Reliable Record of all the Events in the

THEATRICAL WORLD

AND THE

WORLD OF SPORTS.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

\$4.00 A YEAR. SINGLE COPY, 100¢.

For Sale by all Newsdealers.

SAMPLE COPY FREE.

Address NEW YORK CLIPPER, NEW YORK.

E. MURRAY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Ice Cream & Confections

1800 14th Street, Northwest.

Oysters In Season

DOUGLAS

WE MOVE ANYTHING

Baggage and Furniture

Express.

1533 14th Street Northwest

Telephone Connection

Robert T. Douglas' Mgr.

EYES EXAMINED FREE.

GLASSES CORRECTLY ADJUSTED

Saks' Optical Co..

MANUFACTURING

Opticians & Jewelers,

FULL LINE OF D'AMONDS

AND PRECIOUS STONES

525 SEVENTH ST., NORTHWEST,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

J. Baumgarten and Sons.

SEAL ENGRAVERS.

Rubber and Steel.

Stamp Manufacturers.

Imported Art Goods

of Every Description.

1217 Pennsylvania, Avenue N. W.

Telephone 2313.

Established 1883.

Telephone Connection.

The Louis Rothschild

RECTIFIERS and WHOLESA

LIQUOR DEALS

Sole Distributors of James E. Peppet

Whiskey. Proprietors of Silver

Creek Rye.

Represented by Sam Rothschild.

THE CIVIL LIBERTY CONVENTION

Cincinnati Sept. 10, 1903.

The Second Emancipation of the Negro. The Civil and Political Rights of the Negro to be considered by the Representative of the race. Reduced rates on all roads. Delegates to be selected on the basis of two from each Congressional District. Plans will be adopted to bring about the Suffrage of the Negro in States where he has been disfranchised. The Convention will be largely attended and will hold meeting in Hopkins Theater. All organizations that are in sympathy with this movement will be entitled to one delegate and one alternate delegate.

For information and Literature Address

S. P. MITCHELL, Box 81 P. O. Washington D. C.

An uncement

—OF—

Voight, Jeweler,

725 SEVENTH STREET N. W.

(Next to Johnson's Grocery)

Ladies' 14k, Solid Gold Watches, \$30; sold elsewhere; \$25
Ladies' Solid Gold Rings, \$1, \$1.50, \$2.50 and \$3.50; worth twice the price
Ladies' Genuine Diamond Rings, \$5 up to \$100; all of them gems.
Ladies' Solid Gold Lorgnettes, \$7 up to \$16; all the latest styles.
Ladies' Solid Gold Brooches, \$2.50 up to \$25.
Gents' Solid Gold Dumb-bell Sleeve buttons, \$3.50; a useful present.
Gents' 14k. Gold-filled Chains, \$3.00 warranted for five years' wear.
Gents' Diamond Sleeve Buttons, \$5 up; a little gem in each button.
Gents' Diamond Studs, \$7.50 up.
Gents' Solid Gold Rings, with genuine stones, from \$4 up.
Solid Silver Thimbles, 25¢.
Solid Silver Teaspoons, from \$4.00 half dozen up.
Ladies' Silver Watches, \$4 and \$5

VOIGHT, 725 7th St. N. W.

Horn the Tailor



THIS is the most reliable house in the city for a Perfect FIT and Fine Goods. Call and have a suit of clothes made to order from domestic and Imported Goods. HORN can FIT the HARDEST to FIT. Reception suits made to order. fit guaranteed. *****

HORN THE TAILOR 637 F

Wm. Cannon,

Fine Wines, Liquors, and Cigars.

The Place to CALL and PURCHASE

Purissima Whiskey

1225 and 1227 7th street, northwest

WILLIAMS

Prussian Syrup

—OF—

Tar, Wild Chee, &c.

The most certain and speedy remedy known for Coughs, Colds and Consumption, and all Pulmonary Complaints.